

TENTATIVE

TOSHIBA MOS DIGITAL INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON GATE CMOS

4M (512 K × 8 / 256 K × 16) BIT CMOS FLASH MEMORY

DESCRIPTION

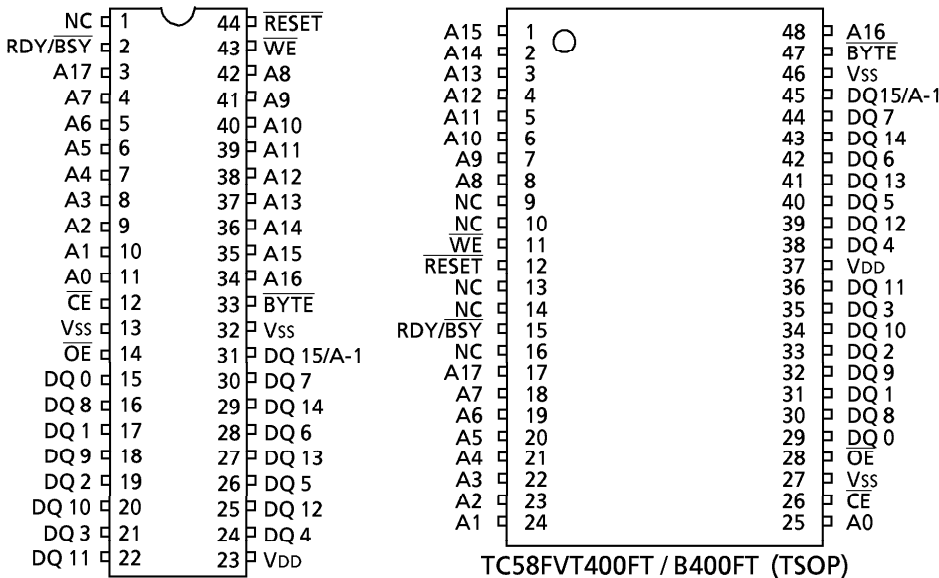
The TC58FVT400/B400 is a 4,194,304 - bits, 3.0 Volt - only Electrically Erasable and Programmable Flash memory organized as 524,288 words × 8 bits or 262,144 words × 16 bits. The TC58FVT400/B400 features commands for read, program and erase operations to allow easy interfacing to microprocessors. The commands are based on the JEDEC standard. The program and erase operations are automatically executed in the chip. The device has chip, block and multi - block erase capability.

The TC58FVT400/B400 is available in either a 44 - pin plastic SOP or 48 - pin TSOP package to suit a variety of design applications.

FEATURES

- Power Supply
V_{DD} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V
- Organization
512 K × 8 bits / 256 K × 16 bits
- Modes
Auto Program, Auto Chip Erase
Auto Block Erase, Auto Multiple Block Erase
Erase Suspend/Resume, Block Protection
Data Polling/Toggle Bit
- Block Erase Architecture
1 × 16 K byte / 2 × 8 K byte /
1 × 32 K byte / 7 × 64 K byte
- Boot Block Architecture
TC58FVT400F/FT ----- Top Boot Block
TC58FVB400F/FT ----- Bottom Boot Block
- Mode Control
Compatible with JEDEC - standard command
- Erase/Program Cycles
10⁵ Cycles Typ.
- Access Time
85 ns (V_{DD} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V)
100 ns / 120 ns (V_{DD} = 2.7 V to 3.0 V)
- Power Dissipation
250 μA (Standby TTL level)
10 μA (Standby CMOS level)
30 mA (Read Operating)
40 mA (Program / Erase Operating)
- Package
TC58FVT400F/B400F : SOP44 - P - 600 - 1.27
(Weight : 1.9 g Typ.)
TC58FVT400FT/B400FT : TSOP48 - P - 1220 - 0.50
(Weight : 0.53 g Typ.)

PIN ASSIGNMENT (TOP VIEW)



PIN NAMES

A0 to A17	Address Input
DQ0 to DQ14	Data Input/Output
DQ15/A-1	Output (Input) / Address Input
CE	Chip Enable Input
OE	Output Enable Input
BYTE	Word / Byte Select Input
WE	Write Enable Input
RDY/BSY	Ready / Busy Output
RESET	Hardware Reset Input
NC	No Connection
V _{DD}	Power Supply
V _{SS}	Ground

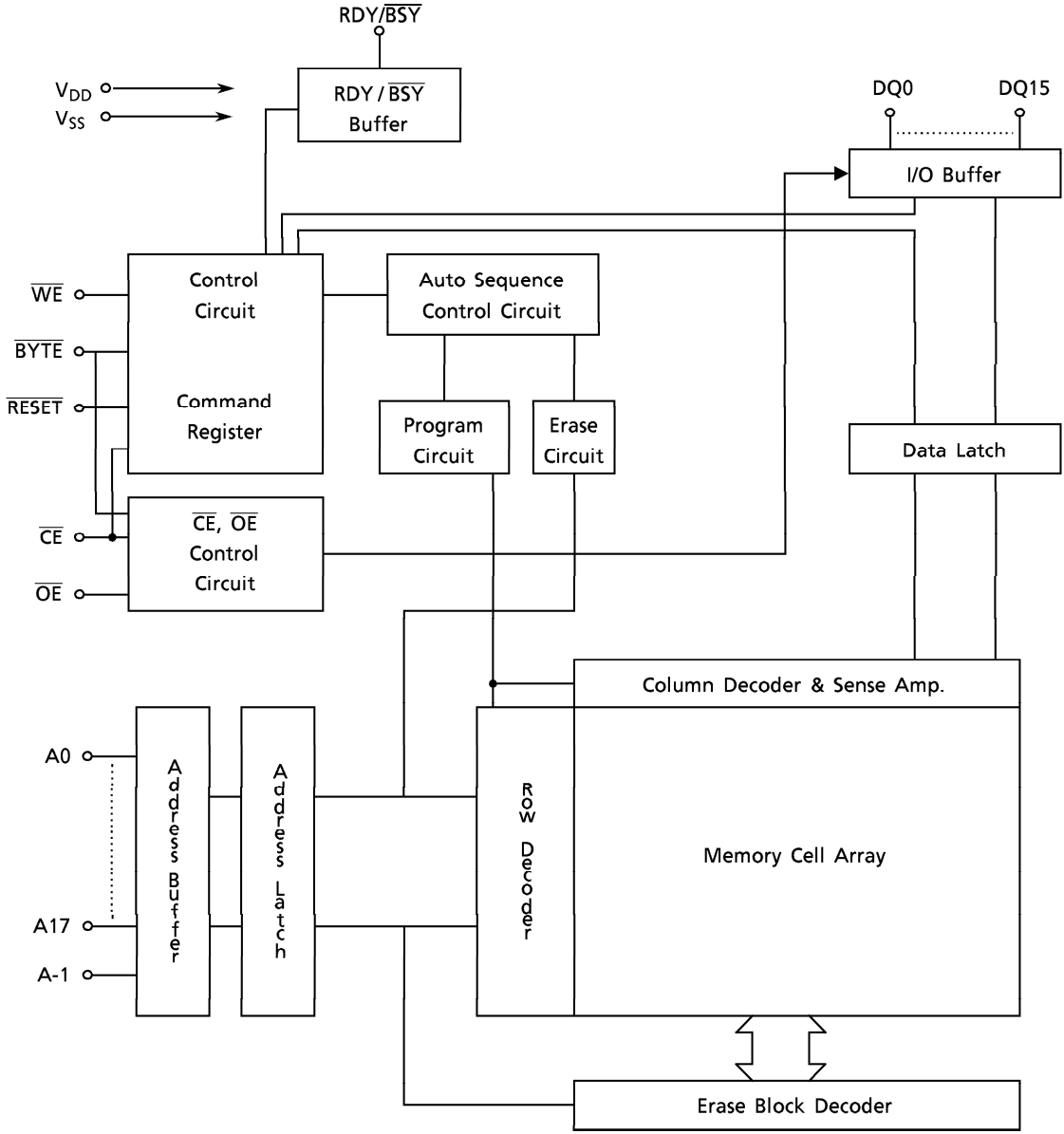
TC58FVT400F/B400F (SOP)

TC58FVT400FT / B400FT (TSOP)

961001EBA1

- TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and the reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to observe standards of safety, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of a TOSHIBA product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property. In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook.
- The products described in this document are subject to foreign exchange and foreign trade control laws.
- The information contained herein is presented only as a guide for the applications of our products. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA CORPORATION for any infringements of intellectual property or other rights of the third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any intellectual property or other rights of TOSHIBA CORPORATION or others.
- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



MODE SELECTION

MODE	\overline{CE}	\overline{OE}	\overline{WE}	A9	A6	A1	A0	\overline{RESET}	BYTE MODE	WORD MODE
									DQ0 to DQ7 ¹⁾	DQ0 to DQ15
Read	L	L	H	A9	A6	A1	A0	H	Dout	Dout
ID Read (Manufacturer Code)	L	L	H	V _{ID}	L	L	L	H	Code	Code
ID Read (Device Code)	L	L	H	V _{ID}	L	L	H	H	Code	Code
Standby	H	*	*	*	*	*	*	H	High - Z	High - Z
Output Disable	*	H	H	*	*	*	*	*	High - Z	High - Z
Write	L	H	L	A9	A6	A1	A0	H	Din	Din
Block Protect	L	V _{ID}	L	V _{ID}	L	H	L	H	*	*
Verify Block Protect	L	L	H	V _{ID}	L	H	L	H	Code	Code
Temporary Block Unprotect	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	V _{ID}	*	*
Hardware Reset/Standby	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	L	High - Z	High - Z

- Notes : * : V_{IH} or V_{IL}
 1) DQ8 to DQ15 is High - Z at Byte Mode

ID CODE TABLE

TYPE		A18 to A12	A6	A1	A0	CODE (HEX) ¹⁾
Manufacturer Code		*	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	0098h
Device Code	TC58FVT400	*	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	00CDh
	TC58FVB400	*	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	004Ch
Verify Block Protect		BA ²⁾	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	V _{IL}	Data ³⁾

- Notes : * : V_{IH} or V_{IL}
 1) DQ8 to DQ15 is High - Z at Byte Mode
 2) BA : Block Address
 3) 0001h - Protected Block
 0000h - Unprotected Block

$\overline{BYTE} = V_{IL}$ for BYTE MODE
 $\overline{BYTE} = V_{IH}$ for WORD MODE

COMMAND SEQUENCE

COMMAND SEQUENCE	BUS WRITE CYCLES REQ'D	FIRST BUS WRITE CYCLE		SECOND BUS WRITE CYCLE		THIRD BUS WRITE CYCLE		FOURTH BUS READ/WRITE CYCLE		FIFTH BUS WRITE CYCLE		SIXTH BUS WRITE CYCLE		
		Addr.	Data	Addr.	Data	Addr.	Data	Addr.	Data	Addr.	Data	Addr.	Data	
Read / Reset	1	XXXXh	F0h											
Read / Reset	Word	3	5555h	AAh	2AAAh	55h	5555h	F0h	RA ¹⁾	RD ²⁾				
	Byte		AAAAh		5555h		AAAAh							
ID Read / Verify Block Protect	Word	3	5555h	AAh	2AAAh	55h	5555h	90h	IA ³⁾	ID ⁴⁾				
	Byte		AAAAh		5555h		AAAAh							
Auto Program	Word	4	5555h	AAh	2AAAh	55h	5555h	A0h	PA ⁵⁾	PD ⁶⁾				
	Byte		AAAAh		5555h		AAAAh							
Auto Chip Erase	Word	6	5555h	AAh	2AAAh	55h	5555h	80h	5555h	AAh	2AAAh	55h	5555h	10h
	Byte		AAAAh		5555h		AAAAh		AAAAh		5555h		AAAAh	
Auto Block Erase	Word	6	5555h	AAh	2AAAh	55h	5555h	80h	5555h	AAh	2AAAh	55h	BA ⁷⁾	30h
	Byte		AAAAh		5555h		AAAAh		AAAAh		5555h			
Block Protect	Word	6	5555h	AAh	2AAAh	55h	5555h	9Ah	5555h	AAh	2AAAh	55h	5555h	9Ah
	Byte		AAAAh		5555h		AAAAh		AAAAh		5555h		AAAAh	
Block Erase Suspend	Addr: V _{IH} or V _{IL} , Data: B0h													
Block Erase Resume	Addr: V _{IH} or V _{IL} , Data: 30h													

Notes : The system should generate the following address patterns ;
 Word mode : 5555h or 2AAAh to addresses A14 to A0.
 Byte mode : AAAAh or 5555h to addresses A14 to A-1.
 DQ8 to DQ15 are ignored at Word mode.
 1) RA : Read Address
 2) RD : Read Data
 3) IA : ID Address (A6, A1, A0)
 00h = Manufacturer Code
 01h = Device Code
 02h = Verify Block Protect (A17 to A12 = Block Address)

4) ID : ID Data
 0098h - Manufacturer Code
 00CDh - Device Code (TC58FVT400)
 004Ch - Device Code (TC58FVB400)
 0001h - Protected Block
 0000h - Unprotected Block
 5) PA : Program Address
 6) PD : Program Data
 7) BA : Block Address

The Address range is A17 : A-1 in if Byte Mode (BYTE = V_{IL})
 The Address range is A17 : A0 in if Word Mode (BYTE = V_{IH})

HARDWARE STATUS FLAGS

STATUS		DQ7	DQ6	DQ5	DQ3	RDY/BSY
In Progress	Auto Programming	$\overline{DQ7}$	Toggle	0	0	0
	Auto Erase (Erase Hold Time)	0	Toggle	0	0	0
	Auto Erase	0	Toggle	0	1	0
Exceeded Time Limits	Auto Programming	$\overline{DQ7}$	Toggle	1	1	0
	Auto Erase	0	Toggle	1	1	0

Notes : 1. DQ outputs a cell data and RDY/BSY outputs '1' when the operation has completed.
 2. DQ0, DQ1, DQ2 are reserved for future use.
 3. DQ8 to DQ15 : Output '0' or '1' at word mode.
 4. DQ0 to DQ2, DQ4 : Output '0'.

BLOCK ERASE ADDRESS TABLES

TC58FVT400 (Top Boot Block)

BLOCK #	A17	A16	A15	A14	A13	A12	BYTE MODE		WORD MODE	
							ADDRESS RANGE	SIZE	ADDRESS RANGE	SIZE
BA0	L	L	L	*	*	*	00000h to 0FFFFh	64 K byte	00000h to 07FFFh	32 K word
BA1	L	L	H	*	*	*	10000h to 1FFFFh	64 K byte	08000h to 0FFFFh	32 K word
BA2	L	H	L	*	*	*	20000h to 2FFFFh	64 K byte	10000h to 17FFFh	32 K word
BA3	L	H	H	*	*	*	30000h to 3FFFFh	64 K byte	18000h to 1FFFFh	32 K word
BA4	H	L	L	*	*	*	40000h to 4FFFFh	64 K byte	20000h to 27FFFh	32 K word
BA5	H	L	H	*	*	*	50000h to 5FFFFh	64 K byte	28000h to 2FFFFh	32 K word
BA6	H	H	L	*	*	*	60000h to 6FFFFh	64 K byte	30000h to 37FFFh	32 K word
BA7	H	H	H	L	*	*	70000h to 77FFFh	32 K byte	38000h to 3BFFFh	16 K word
BA8	H	H	H	H	L	L	78000h to 79FFFh	8 K byte	3C000h to 3CFFFh	4 K word
BA9	H	H	H	H	L	H	7A000h to 7BFFFh	8 K byte	3D000h to 3DFFFh	4 K word
BA10	H	H	H	H	H	*	7C000h to 7FFFFh	16 K byte	3E000h to 3FFFFh	8 K word

* : V_{IH} or V_{IL}

TC58FVB400 (Bottom Boot Block)

BLOCK #	A17	A16	A15	A14	A13	A12	BYTE MODE		WORD MODE	
							ADDRESS RANGE	SIZE	ADDRESS RANGE	SIZE
BA0	L	L	L	L	L	*	00000h to 03FFFh	16 K byte	00000h to 01FFFh	8 K word
BA1	L	L	L	L	H	L	04000h to 05FFFh	8 K byte	02000h to 02FFFh	4 K word
BA2	L	L	L	L	H	H	06000h to 07FFFh	8 K byte	03000h to 03FFFh	4 K word
BA3	L	L	L	H	*	*	08000h to 0FFFFh	32 K byte	04000h to 07FFFh	16 K word
BA4	L	L	H	*	*	*	10000h to 1FFFFh	64 K byte	08000h to 0FFFFh	32 K word
BA5	L	H	L	*	*	*	20000h to 2FFFFh	64 K byte	10000h to 17FFFh	32 K word
BA6	L	H	H	*	*	*	30000h to 3FFFFh	64 K byte	18000h to 1FFFFh	32 K word
BA7	H	L	L	*	*	*	40000h to 4FFFFh	64 K byte	20000h to 27FFFh	32 K word
BA8	H	L	H	*	*	*	50000h to 5FFFFh	64 K byte	28000h to 2FFFFh	32 K word
BA9	H	H	L	*	*	*	60000h to 6FFFFh	64 K byte	30000h to 37FFFh	32 K word
BA10	H	H	H	*	*	*	70000h to 7FFFFh	64 K byte	38000h to 3FFFFh	32 K word

* : V_{IH} or V_{IL}

The Address range is A17 : A-1 in if Byte Mode ($\overline{\text{BYTE}} = V_{IL}$)

The Address range is A17 : A0 in if Word Mode ($\overline{\text{BYTE}} = V_{IH}$)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	RANGE	UNIT
V _{DD}	V _{DD} Supply Voltage	- 0.6 to 4.6	V
V _{IN}	Input Voltage	- 0.6 to V _{DD} + 0.5 (≤ 4.6)	V
V _{DQ}	Input/Output Voltage	- 0.6 to V _{DD} + 0.5 (≤ 4.6)	V
P _D	Power Dissipation	0.6	W
T _{SOLDER}	Soldering Temperature (10 s)	260	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	- 55 to 150	°C
T _{OPR}	Operating Temperature	- 40 to 85	°C
N _{EW}	Erase/Program Cycling Capability	100,000	Cycle
V _{IDH}	Input High Voltage ¹⁾	13.0	V
I _{SHORT}	Output Short Circuit Current ²⁾	100	mA

1) V_{IDH} supply over 10 second is not recommended. The device might be damaged.

2) Output shorted for no more than one second.
No more than one output shorted at a time.

CAPPACITANCE (Ta = 25°C, f = 1MHZ)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	TYP	MAX	UNIT
C _{IN}	Input Pin Capacitance	V _{IN} = 0 V	4	8	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Pin Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0 V	10	12	pF
C _{IN2}	Control Pin Capacitance	V _{IN} = 0 V	8	10	pF

This parameter is periodically sampled and is not 100% tested.

DC and OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = - 40 to 85°C)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{DD}	V _{DD} Supply Voltage	2.7	3.6	V
V _{IH}	Input High Level Voltage	2.0	V _{DD} + 0.5	
V _{IL}	Input Low Level Voltage	- 0.3 ¹⁾	0.8	
V _{ID}	Voltage for ID Read and Block Protect ²⁾	11.4	12.6	

1) - 2 V (Pulse width of 20 ns Max.)

2) V_{IDH} supply over 10 second is not recommended. The device might be damaged.

DC CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = -40 to 85°C, VDD = 2.7 to 3.6 V)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITION	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
I _{LI}	Input Leakage Current	0 V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ V _{DD}	-	± 1	μA
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current	0 V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ V _{DD}	-	± 1	
V _{OH1}	Output High Voltage (TTL)	I _{OH} = -0.4 mA	2.4	-	V
V _{OH2}	Output High Voltage (CMOS)	I _{OH} = -0.1 mA	V _{DD} - 0.4	-	
		I _{OH} = -2.5 mA	0.85 × V _{DD}	-	
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 4.0 mA	-	0.4	
I _{DDO1}	V _{DD} Average Read Current	V _{IN} = V _{IH} / V _{IL} , I _{OUT} = 0 mA t _{CYCLE} = t _{RC} (Min)	-	30	mA
I _{DDO2}	V _{DD} Average Program Current	V _{IN} = V _{IH} / V _{IL} , I _{OUT} = 0 mA	-	40	
I _{DDO3}	V _{DD} Average Erase Current	V _{IN} = V _{IH} / V _{IL} , I _{OUT} = 0 mA	-	40	
I _{DDS1}	V _{DD} Standby Current (TTL)	$\overline{CE} = \overline{RESET} = V_{IH}$ or $\overline{RESET} = V_{IL}$	-	250	μA
I _{DDS2}	V _{DD} Standby Current (CMOS)	$\overline{CE} = \overline{RESET} = V_{DD} \pm 0.2 V$ or $\overline{RESET} = V_{SS} \pm 0.2 V$	-	10	
I _{ID}	High Voltage Input Current	11.4 V ≤ V _{ID} ≤ 12.6 ¹⁾	-	200	
V _{LKO}	Low V _{DD} Lock - out Voltage	-	-	2.5	V

1) Less than 10 seconds

AC TEST CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	CONDITION
Input Pulse Level	2.4 V / 0.4 V
Input Pulse Rise and Fall Time (10% to 90%)	5 ns
Timing Measurement Reference Level (Input)	1.5 V / 1.5 V
Timing Measurement Reference Level (Output)	1.5 V / 1.5 V
Output Load	C _L (100 pF) + 1 TTL Gate

AC CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	- 85		- 10		- 12		UNIT
		Ta = 0 to 70 °C		Ta = - 40 to 85 °C				
		V _{DD} = 3.0 to 3.6V		V _{DD} = 2.7 to 3.6 V				
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	85	-	100	-	120	-	ns
t _{ACC}	Address Access Time	-	85	-	100	-	120	ns
t _{CE}	CE Access Time	-	85	-	100	-	120	ns
t _{OE}	OE Access Time	-	35	-	40	-	50	ns
t _{CCE}	CE to Output Low Z	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{OEE}	OE to Output Low Z	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{OEH}	OE Hold Time (Read)	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{OH}	Output Data Hold Time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{DF1}	CE to Output High Z	-	30	-	30	-	30	ns
t _{DF2}	OE to Output High Z	-	30	-	30	-	30	ns
t _{CMD}	Command Write Cycle Time	85	-	100	-	120	-	ns
t _{AS}	Address Setup Time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time	45	-	50	-	50	-	ns
t _{DS}	Data Setup Time	45	-	50	-	60	-	ns
t _{DH}	Data Hold Time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{WELH}	WE Low Level Hold Time *	45	-	50	-	50	-	ns
t _{WEHH}	WE High Level Hold Time *	20	-	20	-	20	-	ns
t _{CES}	CE Setup Time to WE Active *	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{CEH}	CE Hold Time from WE High Level *	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{OES}	OE Setup to WE Active	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{OEHP}	OE Hold Time (Toggle/Data Polling)	10	-	10	-	10	-	ns
t _{OEHT}	OE High Level Hold Time (Toggle)	20	-	20	-	20	-	ns
t _{PPW}	Auto Program Time	16 **	-	16 **	-	16 **	-	μs
t _{PCEW}	Auto Chip Erase Time	15 **	-	15 **	-	15 **	-	s
t _{PBEW}	Auto Block Erase Time	1.5 **	-	1.5 **	-	1.5 **	-	s
t _{VDS}	V _{DD} Setup Time	500	-	500	-	500	-	μs
t _{BUSY}	Program/Erase Valid to RDY/BSY Delay	35	-	40	-	50	-	ns
t _{RP}	RESET Low Level Hold Time	500	-	500	-	500	-	ns
t _{READY}	RESET Low Level to Read Mode	-	20	-	20	-	20	μs
t _{RB}	RDY/BSY Recovery Time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{RH}	RESET Recovery Time	500	-	500	-	500	-	ns
t _{CERTS}	CE Setup time BYTE Transition	5	-	5	-	5	-	ns
t _{BTd}	BYTE to Output High Z	-	30	-	30	-	30	ns
t _{VPT}	V _{ID} Transition Time	4	-	4	-	4	-	μs
t _{VPS}	V _{ID} Setup Time	4	-	4	-	4	-	μs
t _{VPH}	OE Hold Time (Block Protect)	8	-	8	-	8	-	μs
t _{PPLH}	WE Low Level Hold Time (Block Protect)	100	-	100	-	100	-	μs
t _{PAS}	Protect Address Setup Time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{PAH}	Protect Address Hold Time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{CESP}	CE Setup Time (Block Protect)	4	-	4	-	4	-	μs
t _{CEHP}	CE Hold Time (Block Protect)	8	-	8	-	8	-	μs

* : WE Control ** : Typ.

OPERATING MODE

Read Mode

When the device is set to the Read Mode, it acts as an asynchronous ROM with an access time of 85 / 100 / 120 ns. The device is set to the Read Mode after power - on or Auto - Program / Erase completed. Either software or hardware reset needs to be input to return to the Read Mode when Auto - Program / Erase operation fails.

Standby Mode

The TC58FVT400/B400 has a low power Standby Mode controlled by either \overline{CE} or \overline{RESET} pin. The Standby current is less than 10 μ A at CMOS voltage levels ($\overline{CE} = \overline{RESET} = V_{DD} \pm 0.2$ V or $\overline{RESET} = V_{SS} \pm 0.2$ V) or 250 μ A at TTL levels ($\overline{CE} = \overline{RESET} = V_{IH}$ or $\overline{RESET} = V_{IL}$). The \overline{RESET} controls not only the power but all command mode such as Auto - Program / Erase, ID - Read, etc., beside the \overline{CE} controls the power. The I/O pins are in high impedance at Standby Mode.

Command Write

The TC58FVT400/B400 utilizes the JEDEC command control standrized for single power supply E²PROM. The Command is executed by inputting address and data into the command register. The Command is entered by \overline{WE} control write (\overline{WE} pulse at $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ and $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$) or \overline{CE} control write (\overline{CE} pulse at $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$ and $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$). The Address is latched at falling edge of either \overline{WE} or \overline{CE} . The Data is latched at rising edge of either \overline{WE} or \overline{CE} . The I/O0 to 7 are valid for data input and the I/O8 to 15 are ignored.

The Command is reset by inputting the Reset Command and then the device goes into the Read Mode. When the undefined command is input, the Command Register is reset and the device goes into the Read Mode.

RESET (Software Reset)

The device does not go into the read mode automatically when the command mode such as Auto-Program / Erase and ID - Read Operations are not correctly executed (for example; Program fail, Erase fail). The Reset or Read Command is needed for returning to the Read Mode. The Reset and Read Command are also needed for resetting the Command Register.

RESET (Hardware Reset)

The hardware reset is used for aborting the auto mode operation such as Auto-Program/Erase and for resetting the Operation Mode. The device goes into the Read Mode at 20 μ s after inputting 500 ns low level pulse to \overline{RESET} pin. The data might be corrupted when the device is reset during the auto mode operation.

The device goes into the Read Mode at $\overline{RESET} = V_{IH}$ or the Standby Mode at $\overline{RESET} = V_{IL}$ after the hardware reset. The I/O pins are in high impedance state at $\overline{RESET} = V_{IL}$. The Read Operation and the Command Input are allowed after the device goes into the Read Mode.

ID - Read Mode

The ID Read Mode is utilized to identify the device type. The ID Read Mode is set by either the command mode by inputting "90h" command or the EPROM mode by applying V_{ID} to the A9 pin.

The data at address $A0/A1/A6 = V_{IL}$ is the manufacturer code (0098h) while the data at address $A0 = V_{IH}$, $A1/A6 = V_{IL}$ is the device code (TC58FVT400 = CDh / TC58FVB400 = 4Ch). The access time of an ID read is the same as normal read operation. The I/O8 to 15 are in high impedance state at Byte Mode.

Auto Program Mode

The TC58FVT400/B400 can be programmed by either byte or word unit. The Auto Program Mode is set by entering the Program Command. The program address is latched at the falling edge of the \overline{WE} signal and the data is latched at the rising edge in the fourth bus cycle. The auto programming starts at the rising edge of the \overline{WE} signal in the fourth bus cycle. The Program and Program Verify is automatically executed by the chip. The device status in programming is determined by the hardware sequence flag.

The programming to the protected block is ignored. The device goes to the read mode $3 \mu s$ after rising edge of the \overline{WE} signal in the fourth bus cycle when the auto program is addressed to the protected block.

The device allows the programming of "0" data into "1" memory cells. The programming of "1" data into "0" cell will fail. Erasure is necessary to turn "0" cell to "1" cell.

If the Auto Program Operation fails, the device keeps the programming state and does not return to the Read Mode. This device status is determined by the hardware sequence flag. Either Reset Command or hardware reset is necessary to turn the device into the Read Mode when fail.

Auto Chip Erase Mode

The Auto Chip Erase mode is set by entering the Chip Erase Command. The Auto Chip Erase operation starts at the rising edge of the \overline{WE} in the sixth bus cycle. All memory cells are automatically preprogrammed to "0", erased and verified for erasure by the chip. This device status is determined by the hardware sequence flag.

The command input is ignored during an Auto Chip Erase. The hardware reset enables to interrupt the Auto Chip Erase Operation. The Auto Chip Erase Operation is not correctly completed when interrupted, therefore, the re-erase operation is necessary to erase.

The erasing to the protected block is ignored. If all blocks are protected, the Auto Erase Operation is not executed and the device turns to the Read Mode $100 \mu s$ after rising edge of the \overline{WE} signal in the sixth bus cycle.

If the Auto Chip Erase Operation fails, the device keeps the erasing state and does not return to the Read Mode. This device status is determined by the hardware sequence flag. Either reset command or hardware reset is necessary to turn the device into the Read Mode when fail.

Auto Block / Multi Block Erase Mode

The Auto Block / Multi Block Erase Mode are set by entering the Block Erase Command. The Block Address is latched at the falling edge of the \overline{WE} signal in the sixth bus cycle. The block erase starts at the hold time from the rising edge of the \overline{WE} signal. All memory cells in the selected block are automatically preprogrammed to "0", erased and verified for erasure by the chip. The Multi Block Erase Operation enables to erase the multiple blocks. Additional block addresses and the Multi Block Erase Command must be input during the erase hold time of 50 μs after each rising edge of the \overline{WE} signal. The device status is determined by the hardware sequence flag.

Commands (except erase suspend) are ignored during the Block/Multi Block Erase Operation. The operation is aborted by the hardware reset. The Auto Erase Operation is not correctly completed when aborted, therefore, the re-erase operation is necessary to erase.

The erasing to the protected block is ignored. If all blocks of selected block are protected, the Auto Erase Operation is not executed and the device turns to the Read Mode 100 μs after rising edge of the \overline{WE} signal in the last bus cycle.

If the Auto Erase Operation fails, the device keeps the erasing state and does not return to the Read Mode. This device status is determined by the hardware sequence flag. Either reset command or hardware reset is necessary to turn the device into the Read Mode when fail.

Erase Suspend / Resume Mode

The Erase Suspend mode is used to read a data from the block not selected for erasure. The Erase Suspend command is allowed during block erase operation or block erase hold time; it is ignored for other operation modes. The Block Erase Operation is also suspended if the suspend command is input during the Block Erase Hold Time. The device is reset if any other commands than suspend are input. The suspended device allows only read or Resume Command.

The device goes to the suspend mode 15 μs after the Erase Suspend Command is input and the device goes to a Pseudo Read Mode. The data can be read out from an unselected block but the data is invalid if the address is set to a selected block for erasure. The device status can be determined by the hardware sequence flag. DQ6 (Toggle bit) stops toggling and RDY/ \overline{BSY} outputs "1" once the device is set the Pseudo Read Mode. The host processor must track the current device mode since there is no identification whether the device is in Pseudo or Normal Read Mode. The Pseudo Read Status is held when the Suspend Command is input during Suspend.

The device restarts the Block Erase Operation after receiving a Resume Command. The device returns to the status of which a suspend command is input. DQ6 outputs the toggle signal and RDY/ \overline{BSY} outputs "0".

Block Protect

The TC58FVT400/B400 has a block Protection feature to prevent program and erasure for protected block. Block protection is enabled by either hardware protection (1) or software command mode (2). The initial device is shipped unprotected.

- (1) A block protected when ; $A9 = \overline{OE} = V_{ID}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $A0/A6 = V_{IL}$, $A1 = V_{IH}$ and the block address set using A12 to A17. The Block Protect Data is programmed during the t_{PPLH} of \overline{WE} signal.
- (2) A block can also be protected by using software command. The block protection is executed by inputting the \overline{WE} pulse of t_{PPLH} at $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, A12 to A17 = Block Address after command input in the sixth bus cycle. Block protection is verified by the Verify Block Protect.

Temporary Block Protect

The TC58FVT400/B400 has a Temporary Block Unprotect feature which disables block protection for all protected blocks. The unprotection is enabled by applying V_{ID} to the \overline{RESET} pin. The device can be programmed or erased for any block under this condition. The device returns to the previous condition after V_{ID} removed from the \overline{RESET} pin. That is, previously protected blocks are protected again.

Verify Block Protect

The Verify Block Protect is used to verify either block protected or unprotected. Verify Block Protect is enabled either through hardware (1) or software command (2). The data outputs '0001h' when protected and "0000h" when unprotected in word mode. I/O 8 to 15 are in high impedance at byte mode.

- (1) A Verify Block Protection is enabled when ; $A9 = V_{ID}$, $A0/A6 = V_{IL}$, $A1 = V_{IH}$,
A12 to A17 = Block Address.
- (2) A Verify Block Protection can also be enabled by using software command.

HARDWARE SEQUENCE FLAG

The TC58FVT400/B400 has a Hardware Sequence flag to determine the device status during auto operation. The output data is read out with the same timing as Read Mode at $\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$. RDY/\overline{BSY} outputs either high or low level.

The device turns to the Read Mode automatically after auto operation has finished successfully. The device status is read out by hardware sequence flag and the operation result is verified by comparing a read-out data to an original data.

DQ7 (\overline{DATA} Polling)

The device status can be determined by the data polling function during auto program or auto erase operation. \overline{DATA} Polling begins from the rising edge of \overline{WE} in the last bus cycle. In auto program operation, the DQ7 outputs an inverted data during the programming operation and outputs a true data after programming has finished. In auto erase operation, the DQ7 outputs "0" during the erasing operation and outputs "1" when the erase operation has finished. DQ7 outputs the same result as a data during auto operation if the operation has failed.

The latched address is reset after an operation has finished. The polling data is asynchronous with the \overline{OE} signal.

DQ6 (Toggle Bit)

The device status can be determined by the Toggle Bit function during Auto Program or Auto Erase Operation. Toggle Bit begins from the rising edge of \overline{WE} in the last bus cycle in Program operation and begins at Erase Hold Time after the rising edge of \overline{WE} in the last bus cycle. DQ6 outputs an alternating "0" and "1" for each attempt (\overline{OE} access) at $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ while the device is busy. When the internal operation is completed, toggling stops and valid memory cell data can be read on subsequent read. DQ6 outputs a toggling data if the operation has failed.

DQ6 toggles for around $3 \mu s$ when the Auto Program Operation is addressed to the protected block and then stops toggling. DQ6 toggles for around $100 \mu s$ when the Auto Erase Operation is addressed to the protected block and then stops toggling. After toggling stops, the device turns into the Read Mode.

DQ5 (Internal Time Out)

DQ5 outputs "1" when the Internal Timer has timed out during Program or Erase Operation. This indicates that the Operation has not completed within the allotted time.

The programming of "1" data into "0" cell will fail (See Auto Program Mode). DQ5 outputs "1" in this case. Either hardware reset or software reset command is necessary to turn the device into the Read Mode.

DQ3 (Block Erase Timer)

The Block Erase operation starts 50 μ s (Erase Hold Time) after the rising edge of \overline{WE} in the last command cycle. DQ3 outputs "0" during the Block Erase Hold Time and "1" when the Erase Operation starts. Additional Block Erase Command can only be accepted during this Block Erase Hold Time. Each Block Erase Command given within this Hold Time resets the timer so that additional blocks can be marked for erasure. DQ3 outputs "1" if the device fails in Program or Erase Operation.

RDY/ \overline{BSY} (READY/ \overline{BUSY})

TC58FVT400/B400 has a RDY/ \overline{BSY} signal to indicate the device status to the host processor. A "0" (busy state) indicates that Auto Program or Auto Erase Operation is in progress. A "1" (ready state) indicates that the operation has finished and the device can accept a new command. RDY/ \overline{BSY} outputs "0" when the operation has failed.

RDY/ \overline{BSY} outputs "0" data after the rising edge of \overline{WE} in the last command cycle in Program Operation or in the Erase Hold Time after the last command cycle in Erase Operation.

During Auto Block Erase Operation, commands other than Erase Suspend will be ignored. RDY/ \overline{BSY} outputs "1" during Erase Suspend. The output buffer of the RDY/ \overline{BSY} pin is an open drain type circuit enabling a wired - or connection. A pullup resistor needs to be tied between V_{DD} and the RDY/ \overline{BSY} pin.

DATA PROTECTION

The TC58FVT400/B400 utilizes a JEDEC standard command sequence which protects data against inadvertent operation due to noise.

Vcc Lock Out Voltage

The device is reset when V_{DD} is less than V_{LKO} to protect memory cell data against V_{DD} noise or during power up and down. The Auto Program or Erase Operation stops when V_{DD} goes down below V_{LKO} . The Erase Suspend is reset and the Erase Operation stops when the device is in Suspend mode. The Operation will not be correctly finished when interrupted by V_{DD} Lock Out.

\overline{WE} Glitch Pulse

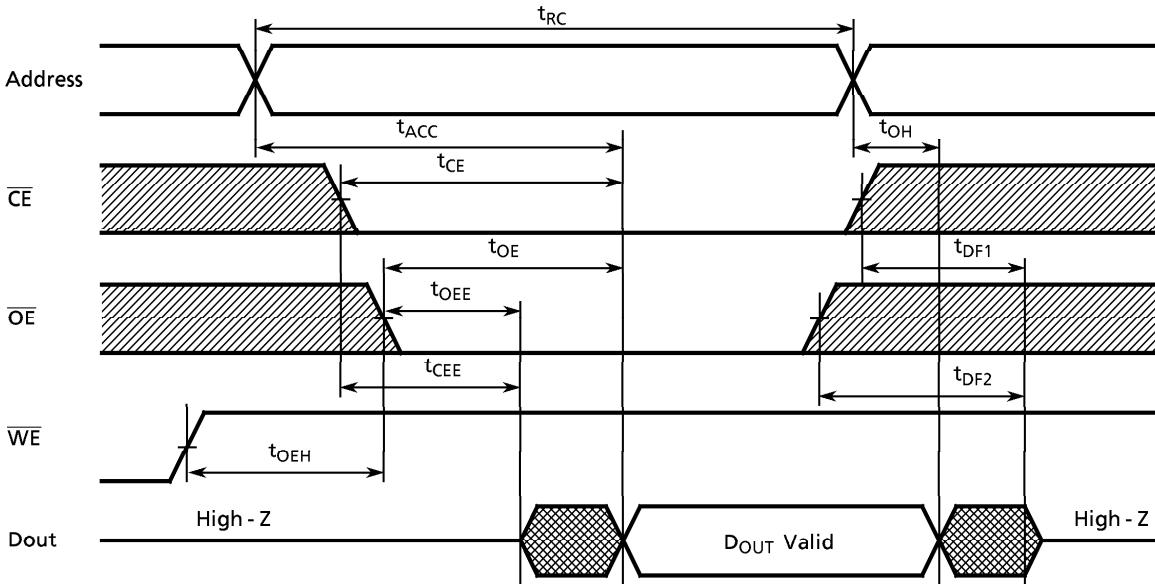
Glitches must be suppressed (less than 5 ns) for proper operation.

Protection for Power On

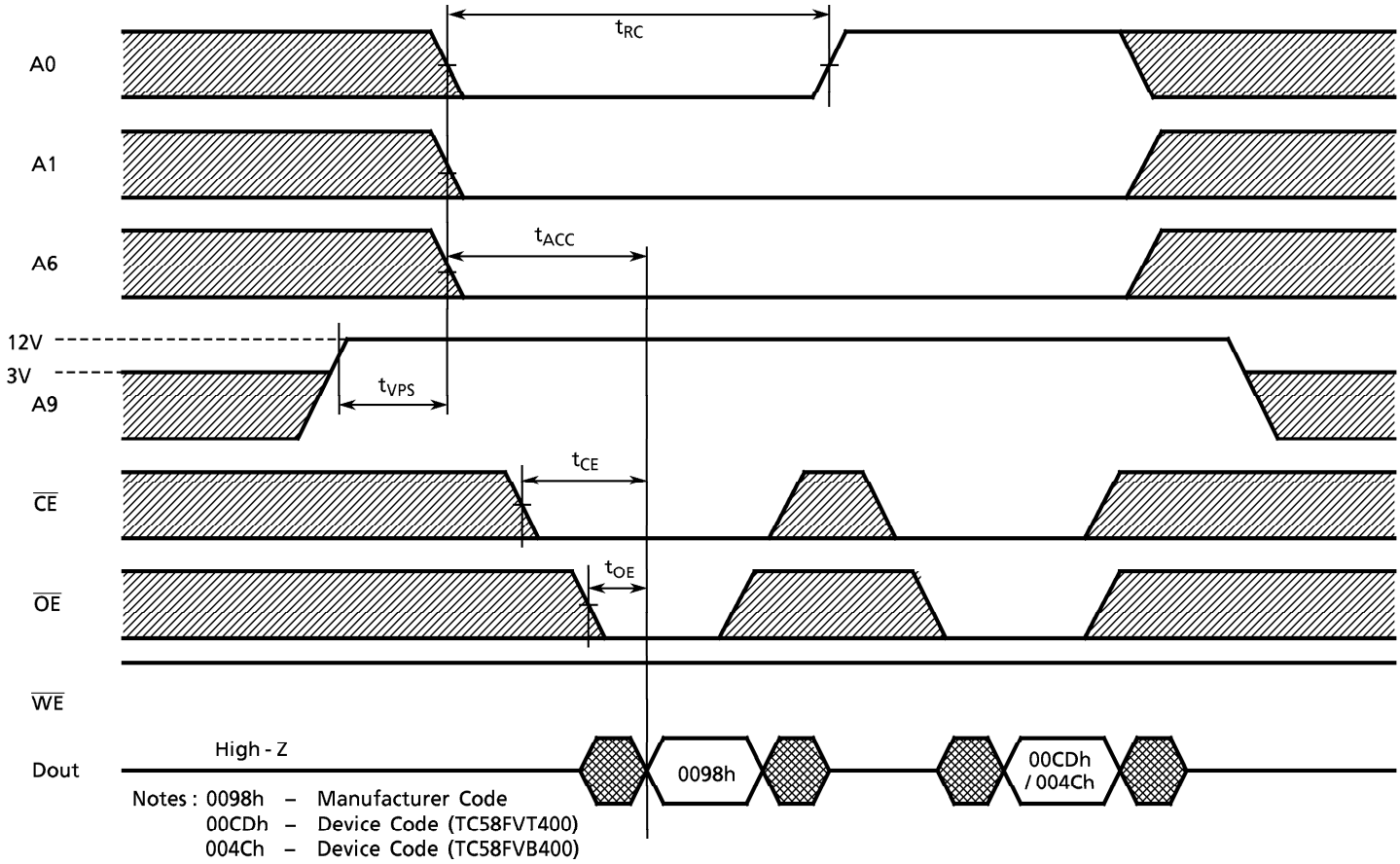
The device is reset and goes into the Read Mode after power on. A command is not accepted at the rising edge of \overline{WE} if V_{DD} rises from 0 V to the operating voltage under the condition of $\overline{CE} = \overline{WE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$.

TIMING DIAGRAM

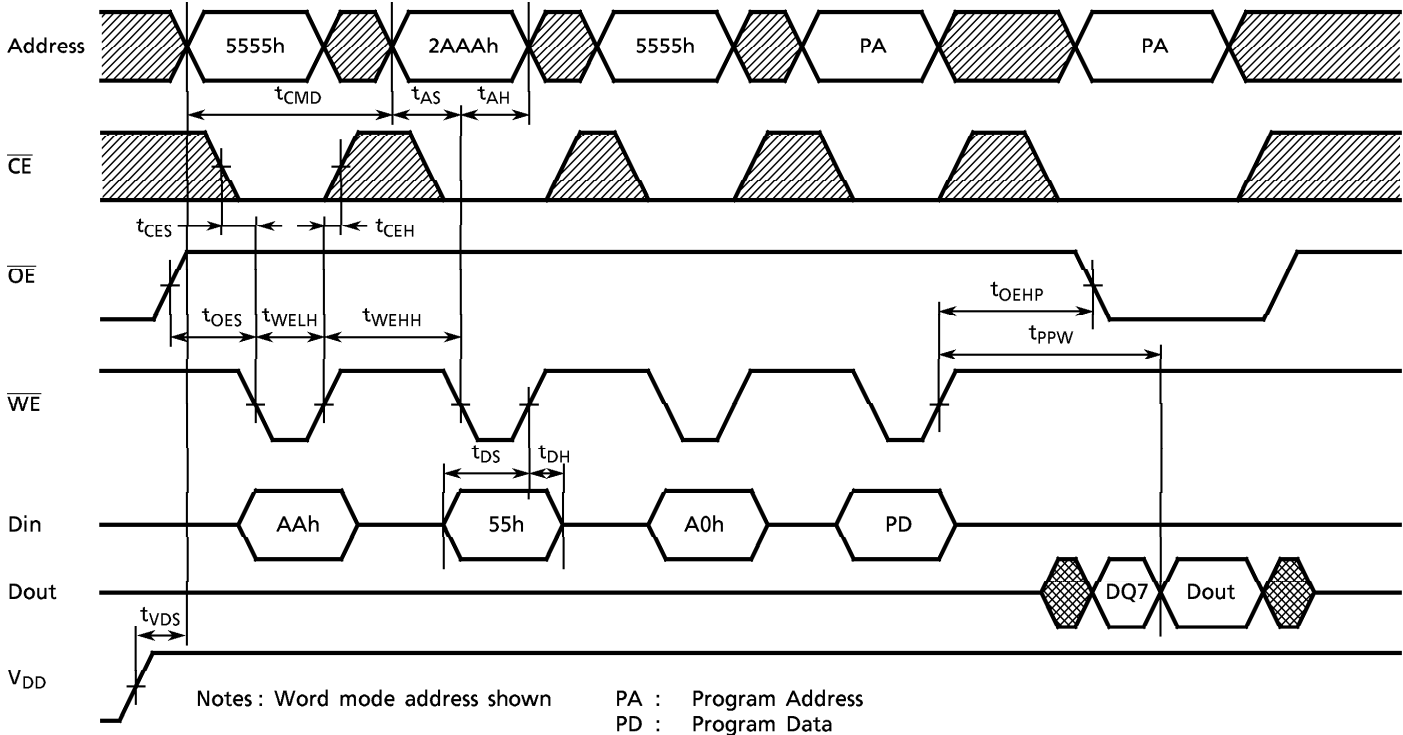
Read / ID Read Operation



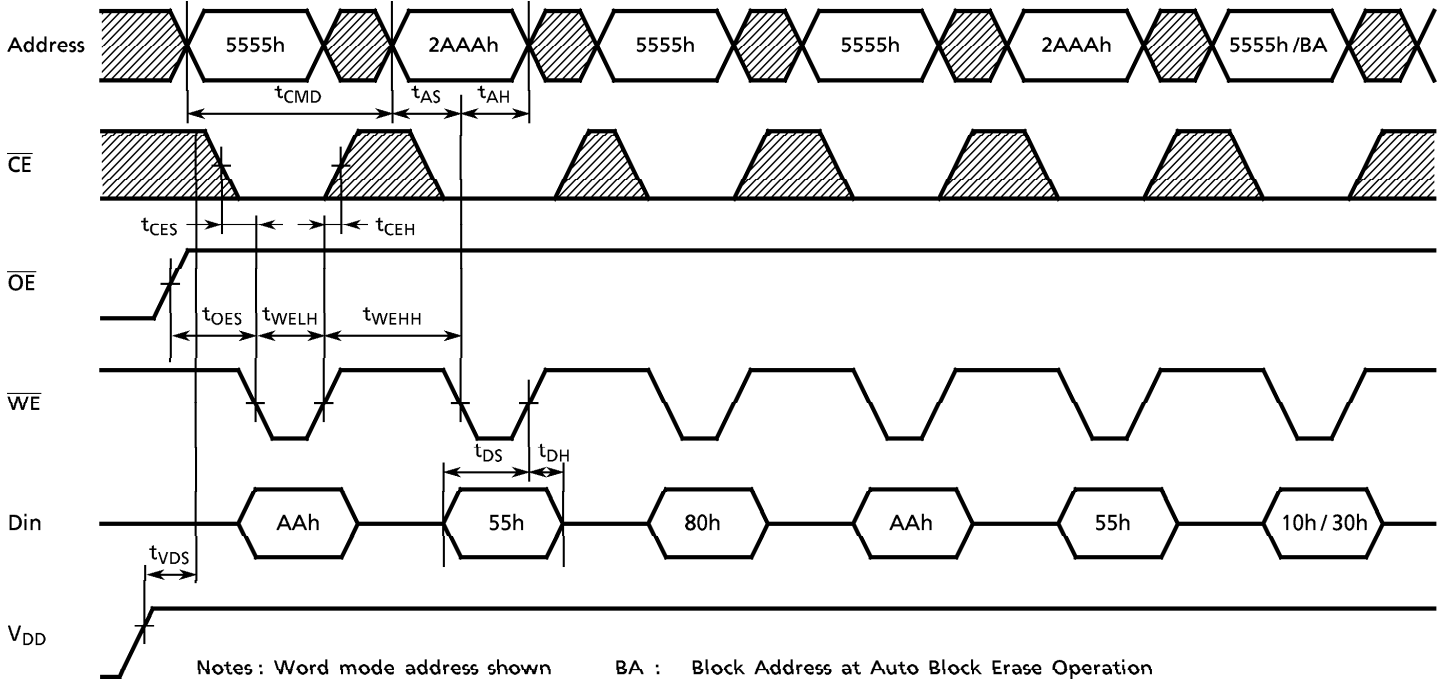
ID Read Operation (Hardware)



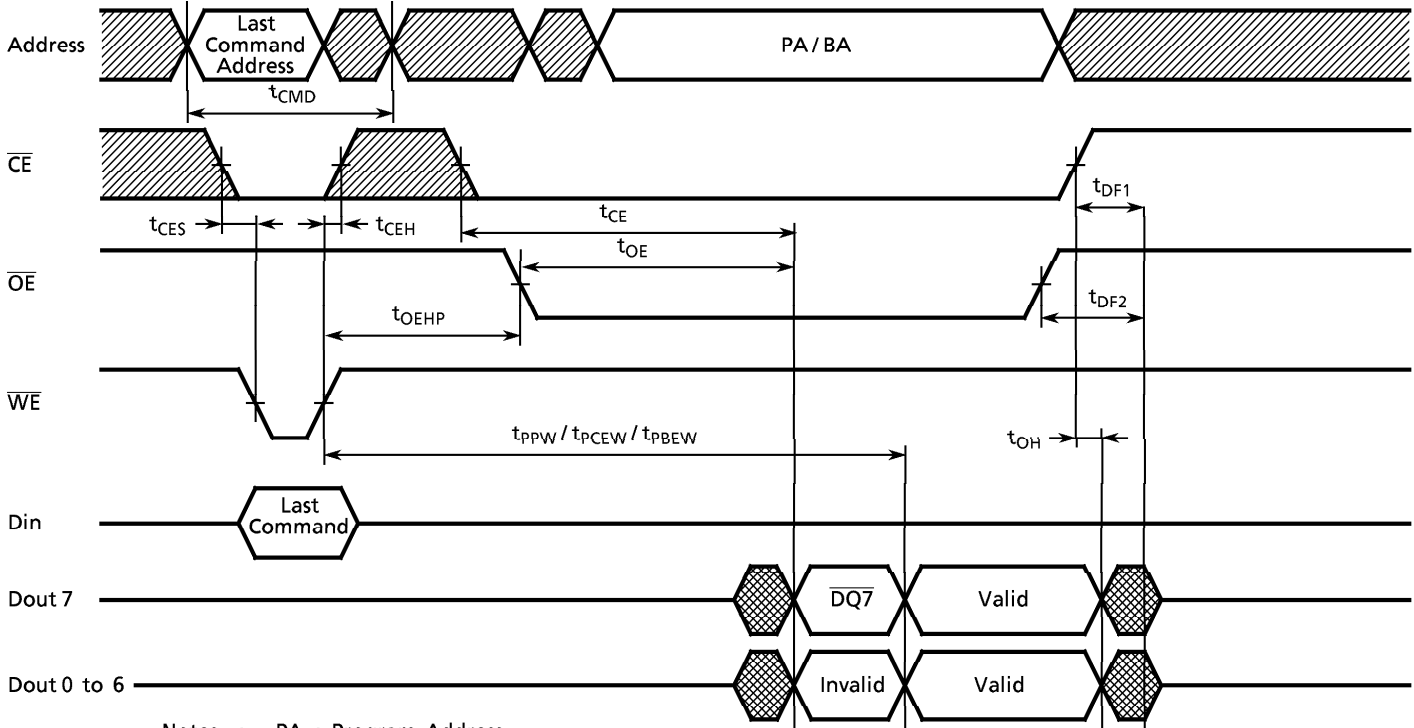
Auto Program Operation (\overline{WE} Control)



Auto Chip Erase / Auto Block Erase Operation (\overline{WE} Control)

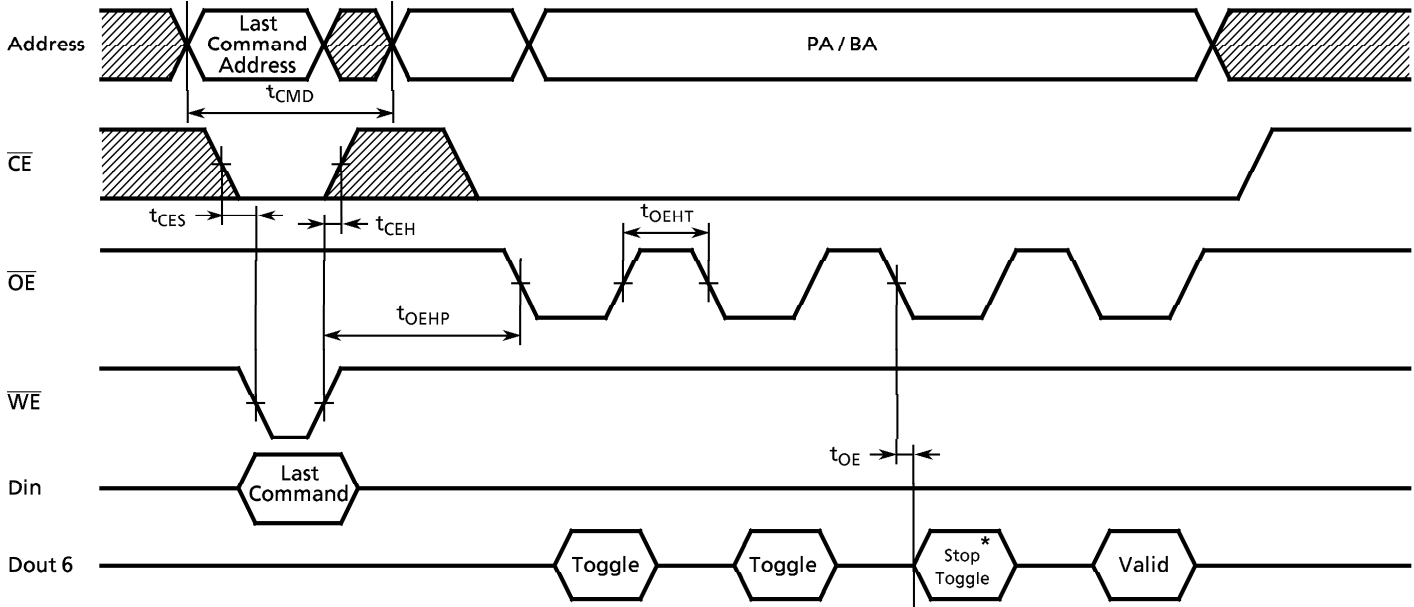


DATA Polling during Program/Erase Operation



Notes : PA : Program Address
BA : Block Address

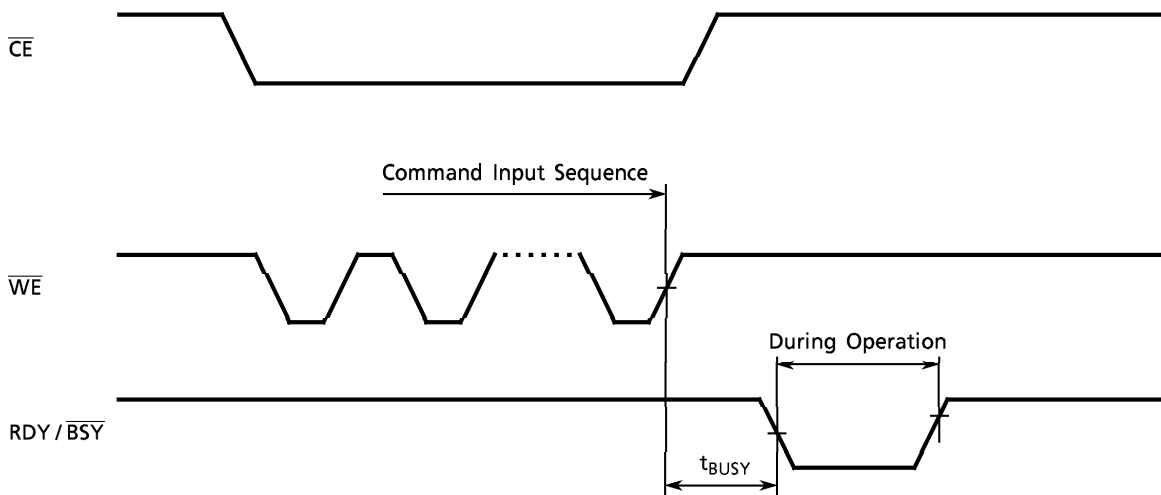
Toggle Bit during Program/Erase Operation



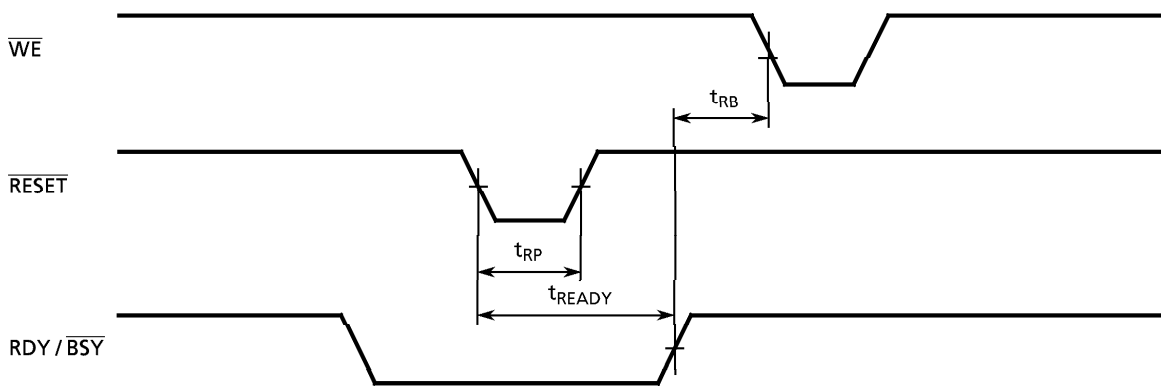
* Dout 6 stops toggling when the last command has completed.

Notes : PA : Program Address
BA : Block Address

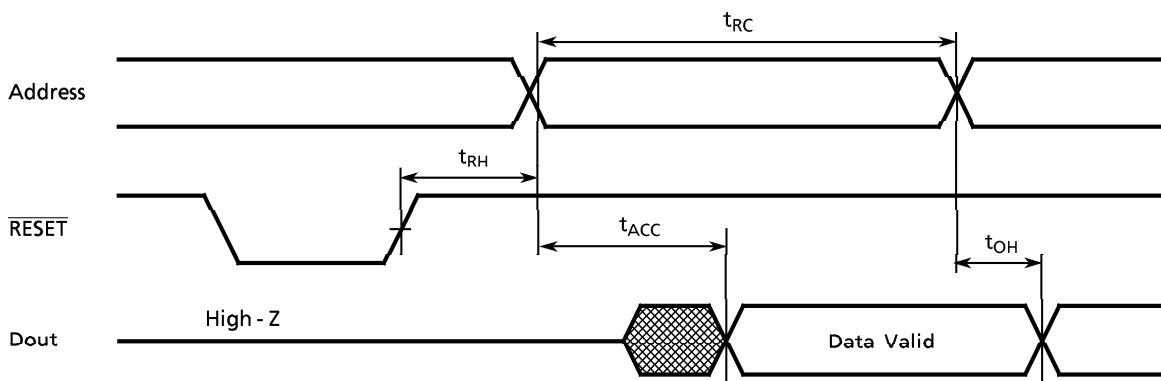
RDY / $\overline{\text{BSY}}$ during Auto Program / Erase Operation



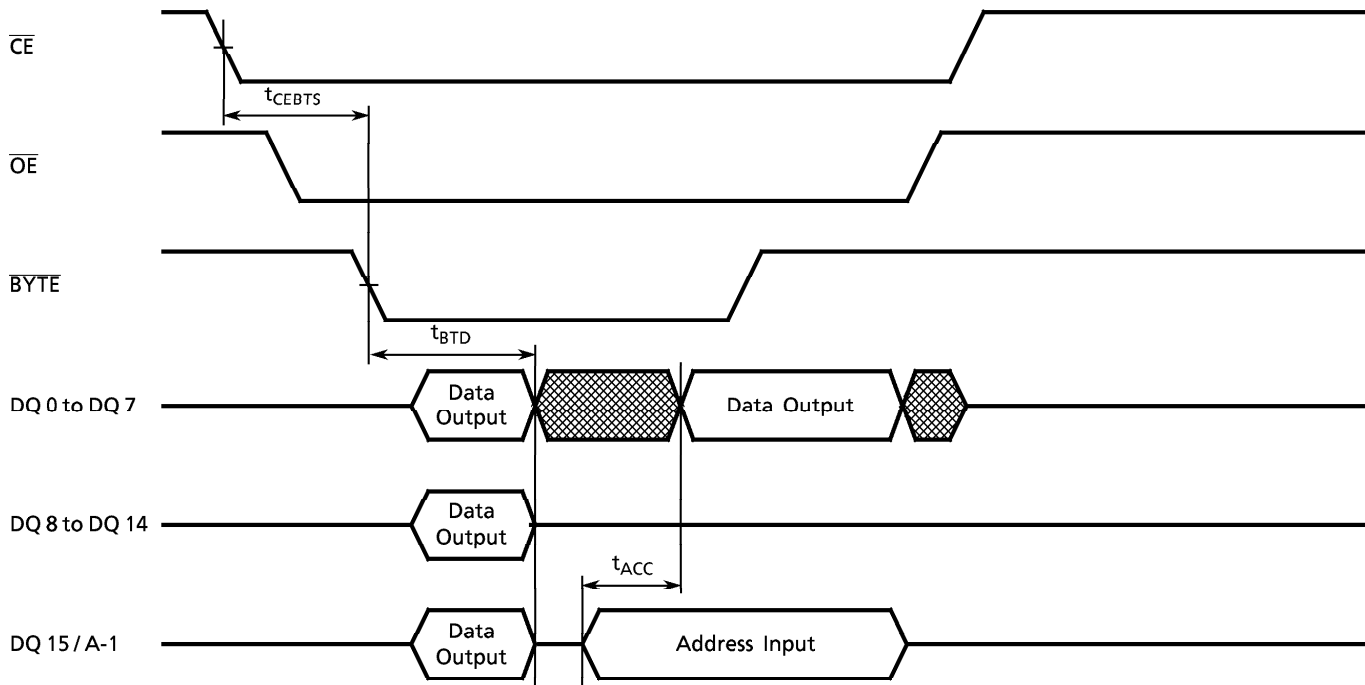
Hardware Reset Operation



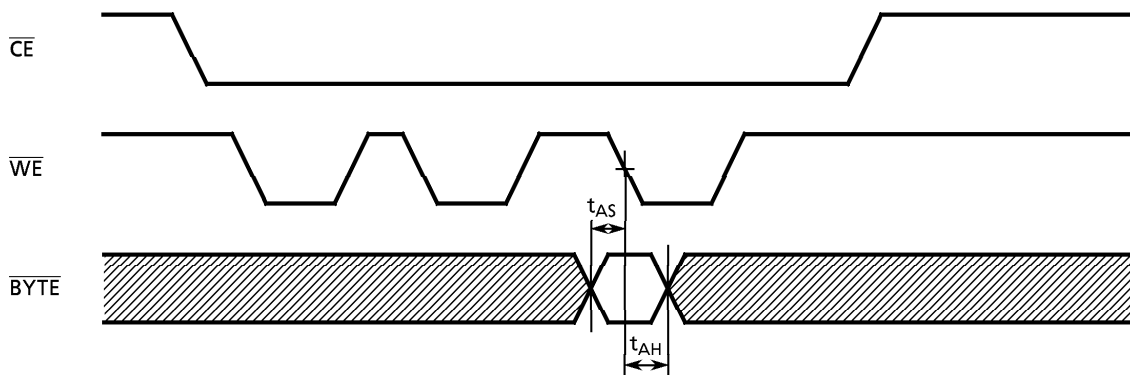
Read after $\overline{\text{RESET}}$



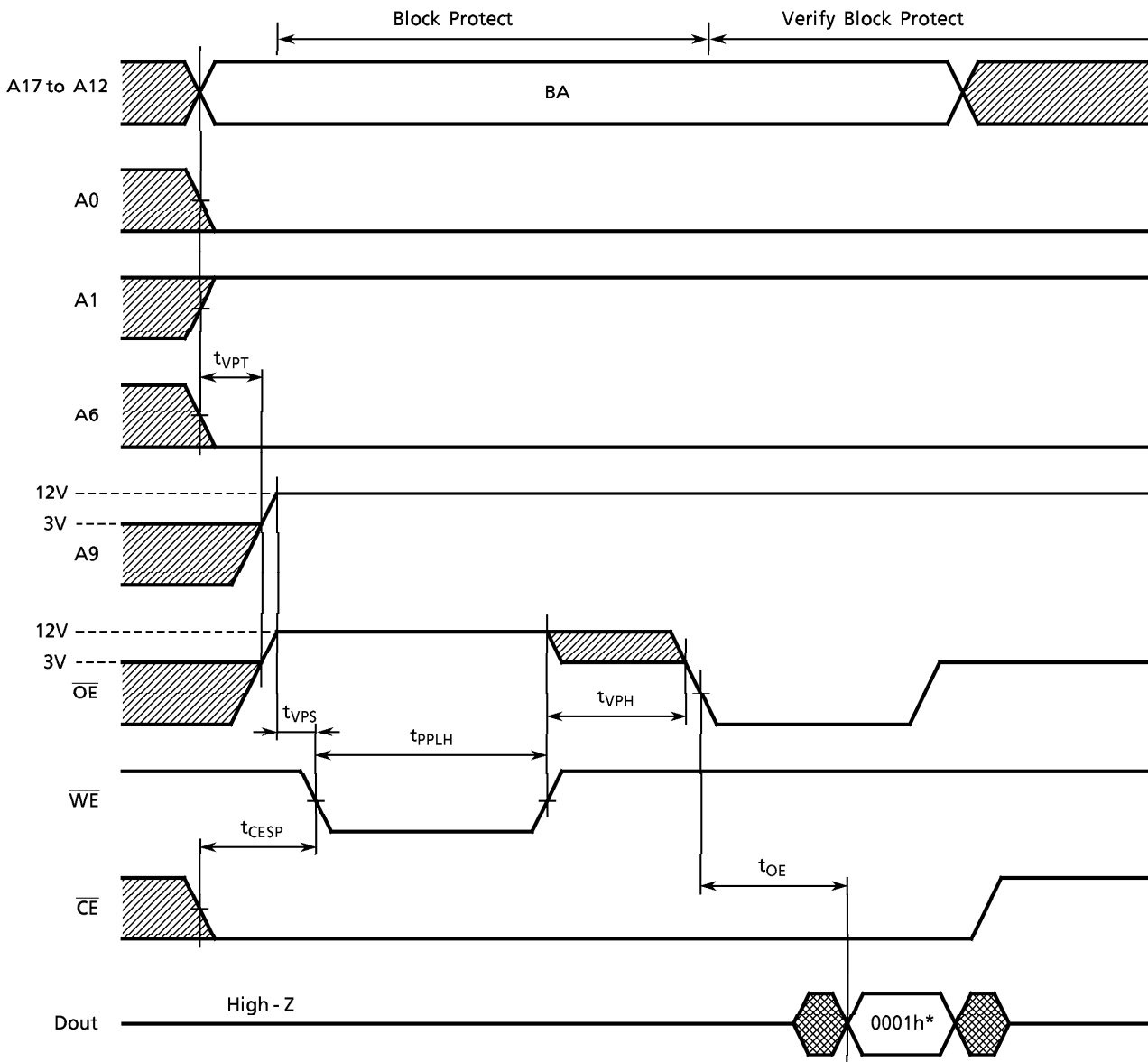
BYTE for Read Operation



BYTE for Write Operation



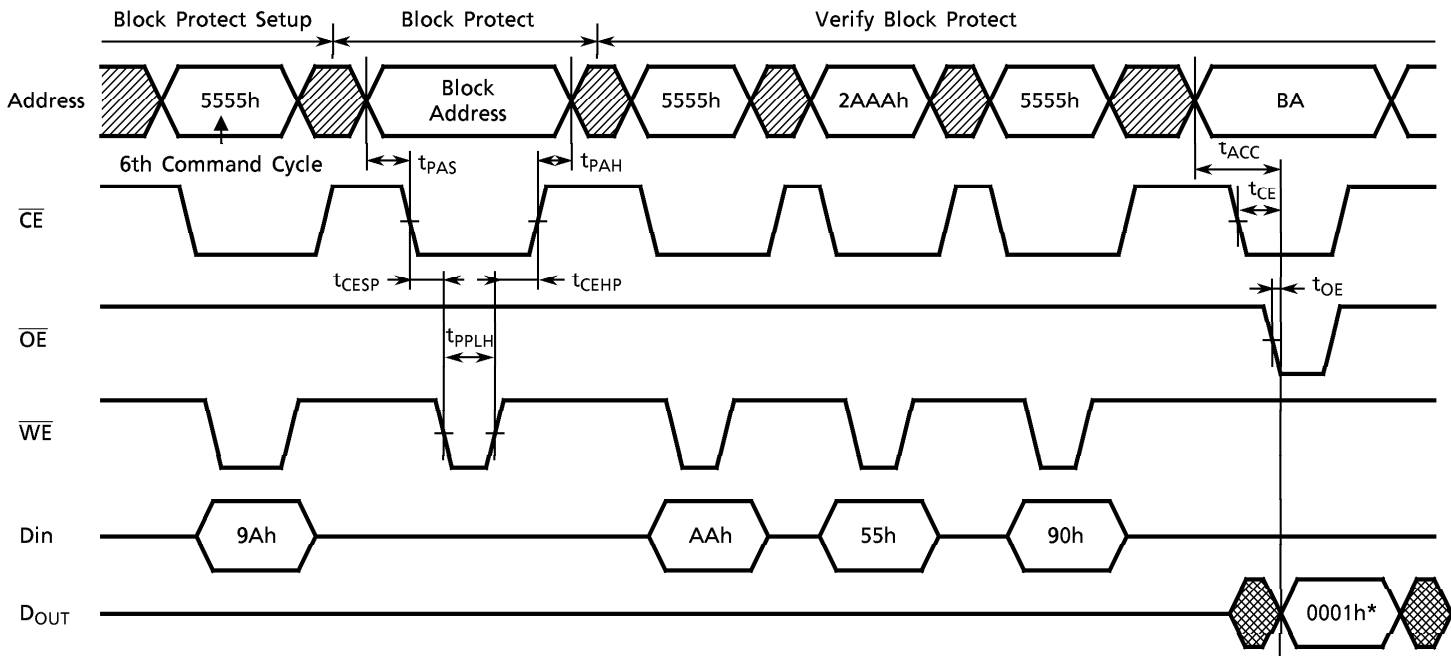
Block Protect Operation (Hardware)



BA : Block Address

* : 0001h indicates that block is protected.

Block Protect (Software)

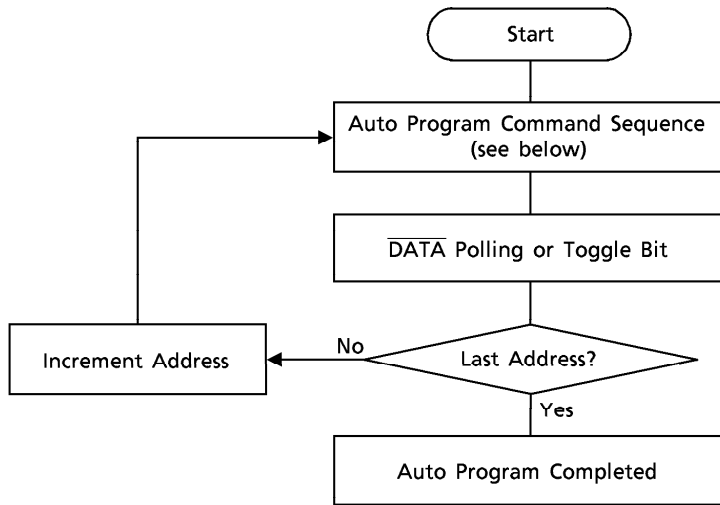


BA : Block Address

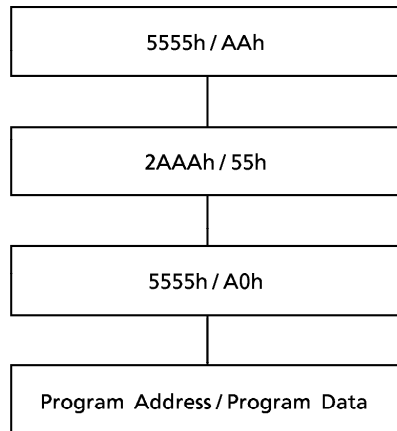
* : 0001h indicates that block is protected.

FLOW CHART

Auto Program

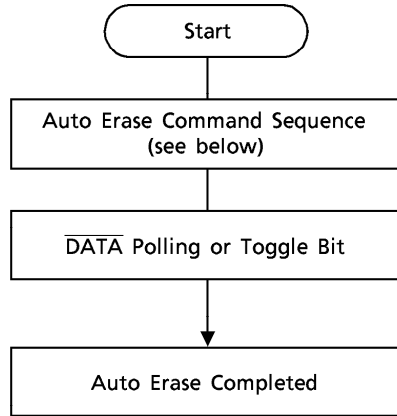


Auto Program Command Sequence (Address / Command)

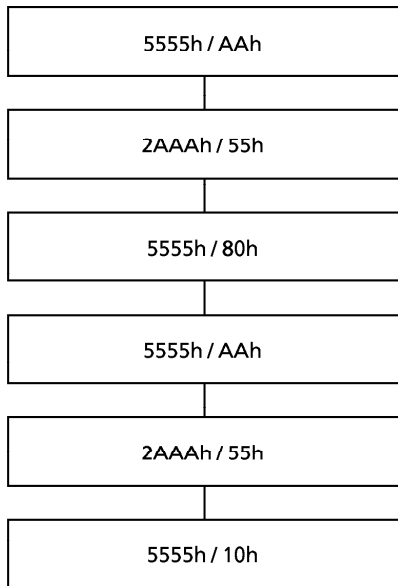


Note : Word mode command sequence is shown.

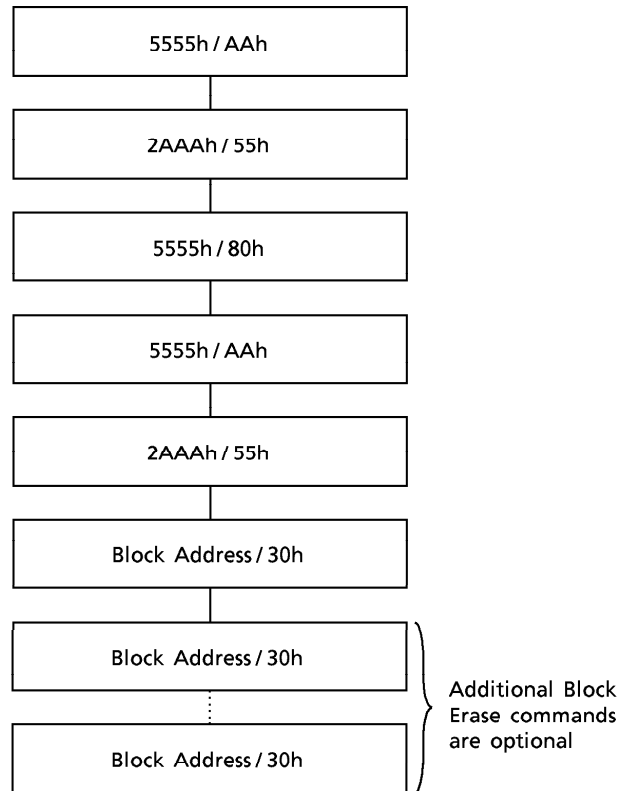
Auto Erase



Auto Chip Erase Command Sequence
(Address / Command)

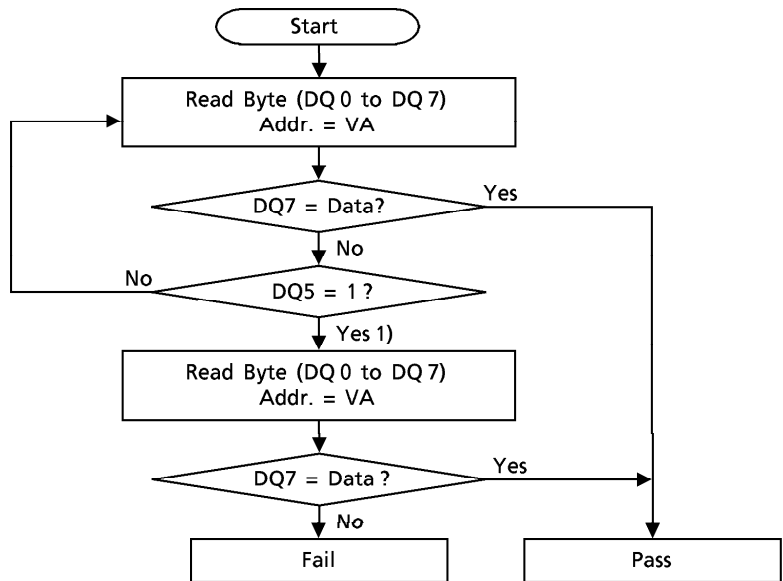


Auto Block / Multiple Block
Erase Command Sequence (Address / Command)



Note : Word mode command sequence is shown.

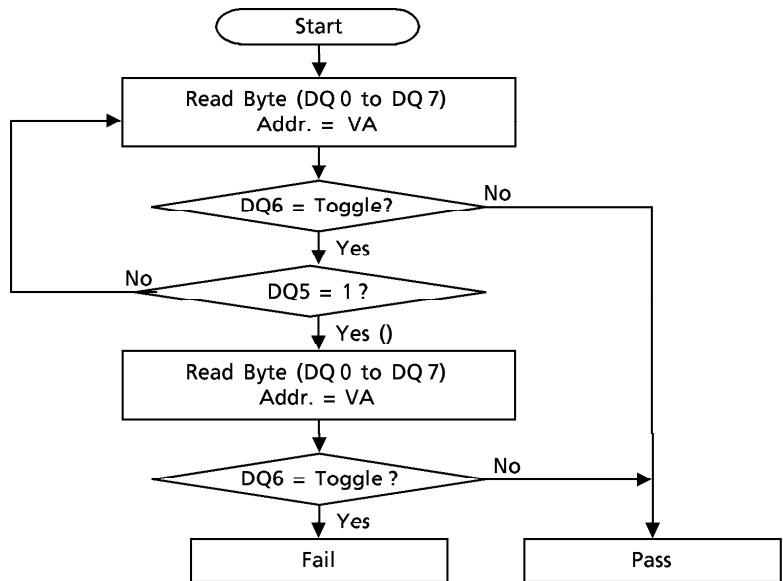
DQ 7 DATA Polling



VA : Byte address for programming.
Any of the addresses within the block being erased during a block erase operation.
Don't care during chip erase.

Note : 1) DQ7 must be rechecked even if DQ5 = "1" because DQ7 may change simultaneously with DQ5.

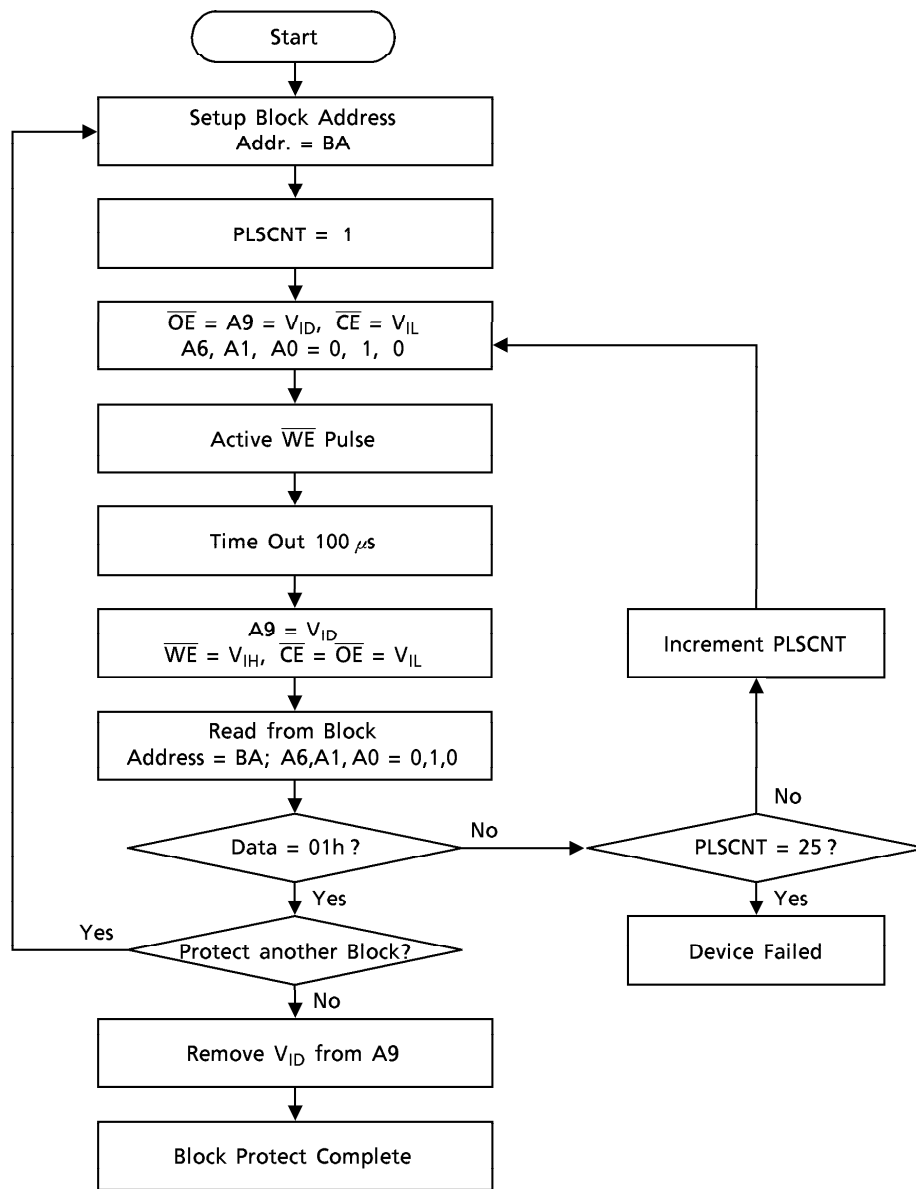
DQ 6 Toggle Bit



VA : Byte address for programming.
Any of the addresses within the block being erased during a block erase operation.
Don't care during chip erase.
Any address not within the block in the process of an Erase Suspend operation.

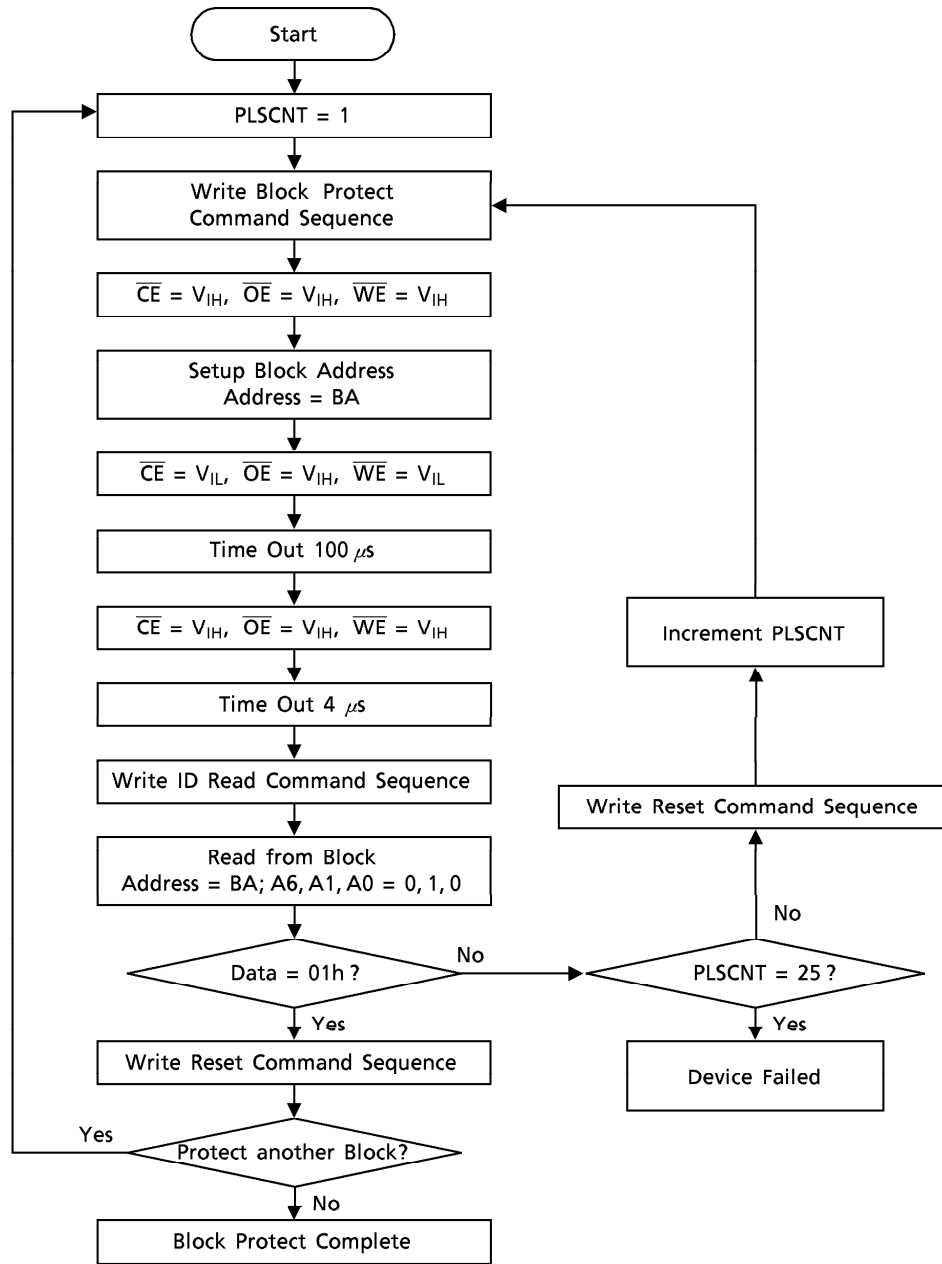
Note : 1) DQ 6 must be rechecked even if DQ 5 = "1" because DQ 6 may stop toggling at the same time that DQ 5 changes to "1".

Block Protect (Hardware)



BA : Block Address

Block Protect (Software)

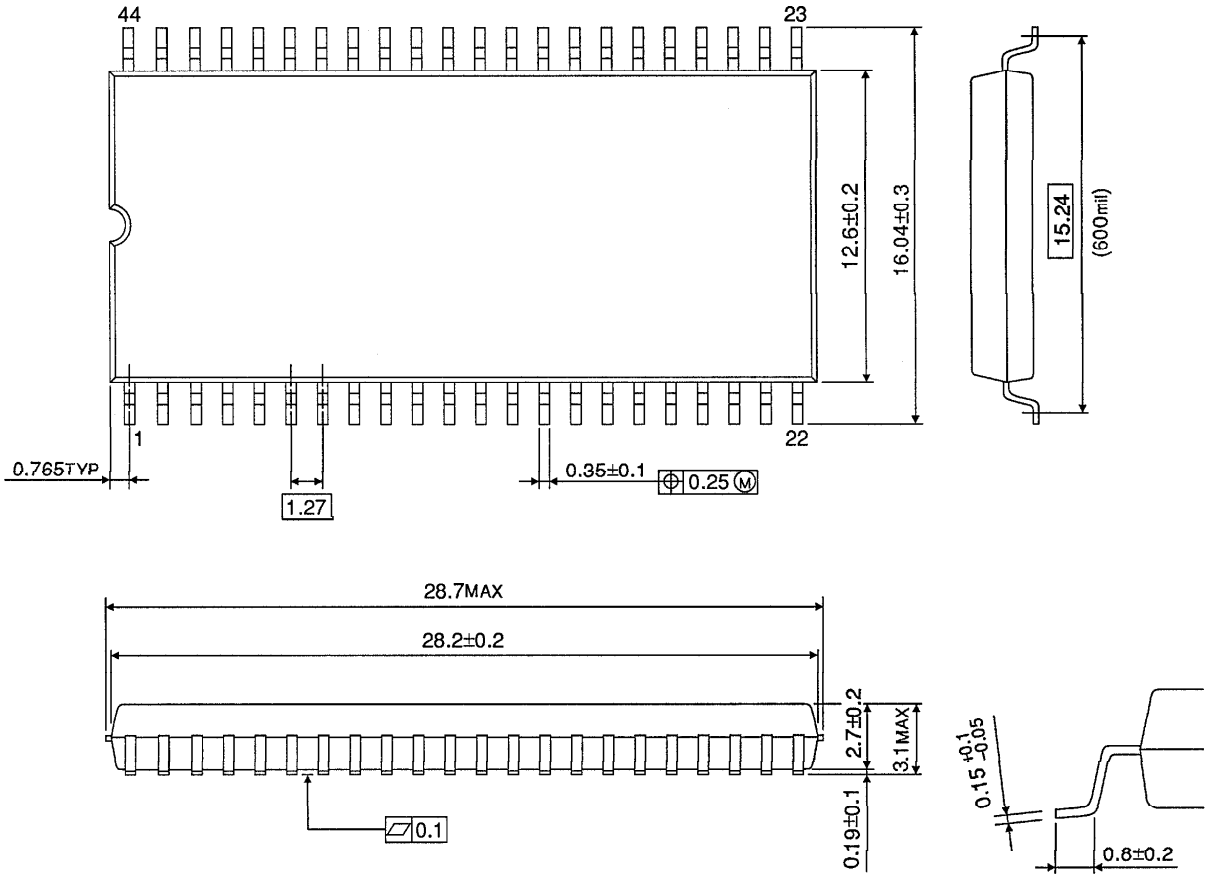


BA : Block Address

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

- Plastic SOP
SOP44 – P – 600 – 1.27

Unit : mm



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

- Plastic TSOP

TSOP I 48-P-1220-0.50

Unit : mm

