

PhyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x System Development User Manual for Linux



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Table of Contents

1. Prepare Host Environment:
1.1 Configuring Services (TFTP, NFS)
1.1.1 Configuring TFTP4
1.1.2 Configuring NFS Service
1.2 Partitioning Micro SD card in Ubuntu
1.3 Setting Serial Console (Minicom)7
1.4 Installing Toolchain
1.4.1 Downloading the Toolchain:
1.4.2 Export the Toolchain to Shell Path:10
2 Download prebuilt images:
3 Elashing binaries:
3.1 Using Barebox bootloader:
3.1.1 Booting from Micro SD card:
3.1.2 Booting from NAND:
5.1.2 booting noin trand
4 Preparing phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x Bootloaders
4.1 Barebox bootloader:
4.2 Preparing phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x Linux kernel:14
5 Compiling User-application:
6 Compiling RES with PTX-dist 17
o comprining Ri S whill I TX dist.
7 Compiling RFS with Buildroot:
8 Compiling RFS with Yocto:



1. Prepare Host Environment:

In Order to follow this manual the host requires 32-bit Ubuntu, better go with LTS versions of Ubuntu. To install Ubuntu follow the link below.

https://help.ubuntu.com/community/GraphicalInstall

Ubuntu doesn't come with all the pre-requisite archives for the development, to prepare the host for development download the bash shell script which can be available from the link below. Download and execution steps of the script are as follows.

\$ wget ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Products/India/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/Linux/PD14.0.0/tools/scripts/elinux_pkg.sh

\$ chmod +x elinux_pkg.sh

\$ sh elinux_pkg.sh

1.1 Configuring Services (TFTP, NFS)

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}

1.1.1 Configuring TFTP

Installation of the TFTP Server is as follows; execute the below commands on Linux shell.

```
$ sudo apt-get -y install xinetd tftpd tftp
$ sudo mkdir /var/lib/tftpboot
$ sudo vim /etc/xinetd.d/tftp
```

Add the following structure in /etc/xinetd.d/tftp file if it is not there or edit if it exists. service tftp

```
protocol = udp
port = 69
socket_type = dgram
wait = yes
user = nobody
server = /usr/sbin/in.tftpd
server_args = /var/lib/tftpboot -s
disable = no
```

\$ sudo service xinetd restart

Testing TFTP Server:

\$ cp <file_name> /var/lib/tftpboot
\$ sudo chmod +wr /var/lib/tftpboot



\$ tftp localhost \$ get <file_name>

If the same file is received without any error from the tftpserver then the tftp service is configured correctly.

To transfer file through tftp between host and target follow steps listed below, configure the IP address for host by selecting the option Network Connection and modify the related option. The same can be done through command line interface by issuing the following command

Host Side Setup:

\$ sudo if config eth0 192.168.1.12 up

This will be used as server IP address.

Note: that IP for server and target should not be same

Target Side Setup:

\$ ifconfig eth0 192.168.1.11 up

Configure the gateway address for target

\$ route add default gw 192.168.1.1

Issue the tftp command to transfer the file

\$ tftp -r <file_name > -g <server_ip>

Check the default gateway by command

\$ route or \$ /sbin/route -n

1.1.2 Configuring NFS Service

First step in NFS service configuration is to decide the path of a directory which is going to share the RFS. Here in this manual it has been taken as /nfsroot which is to be created by user by issuing the following command.

\$ sudo mkdir /nfsroot

Edit the /etc/exports file and add the below line at the end of the file, save and close it /nfsroot *(rw,sync,no_subtree_check,no_root_squash)



\$ sudo gedit /etc/exports

To start the service with made changes issue the following commands on the terminal.

\$ sudo exportfs -ra
\$ sudo service nfs-kernel-server restart

1.2 Partitioning Micro SD card in Ubuntu

Method 1: Using Graphical User Interface

Use the application Disk Utility in Ubuntu.

- Select Mass storage device
- Umount the volume
- Delete the partition
- Create the two partition boot and rootfs with fat and ext3 support respectively
- Select the first fat partition and then select "edit partition" and mark it as bootable.

Mass Storage Device (Mass Storage	Device) [/dev/sdb] —	Disk Utility			⊠ tı	
Storage Devices	Drive					
Local Storage easyarm@localhost	Model:	Mass Storage Device	:	Serial Number:	125C20100726	
PATA Host Adapter 82801FB/FBM/FRly) IDE Controller	Firmware Version: Location:	0300 -		World Wide Name Device:	e: – /dev/sdb	
O CD Drive SAMSUNG SAMR/RW SW-252B	Write Cache:	-		Rotation Rate:		
PATA Host Adapter 82801FB/FW (ICH) SATA Controller	Partitioning:	2.0 GB (1,97,76,14,336 Dytes) Master Boot Record		SMART Status:	 Not Supported 	
ATA ST3160215AS	State or partition the drive			Safe Removal Power down the drive so it can be removed		
Peripheral Devices USB, FireWire and other peripherals	Benchmark Measure drive performance Volumes					
Mass Storage Device Mass Storage Device						
	boot 500 MB FAT			1	rootfs .5 GB ext3	
	Usage: F	ilesystem	1	Device:	/dev/sdb1	
	Partition Type: W	/95 FAT32 (LBA) (0x0c)	I	Partition Label: -		
	Partition Flags: B	ootable	(Capacity:	500 MB (49,95,55,328 bytes)	
	Type: Fr	AT (16-DIE VERSION)	1	Available: -	-	
			1		Mounced at <u>/media/booc</u>	
	Unmount Vo Unmount the v	rolume		Erase or forma	me t the volume	
	Check Filesy Check and rep	stem air the filesystem		Letit Partitio	n on type, label and flags	
	Oelete Parti Delete the par					

Figure 1.1



Method 2: Using Command line interface

Download the script and follow the steps.

\$ wget ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Products/India/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/Linux/PD14.0.0/tools/scripts/mkcard.sh

Change the mode of script

\$ chmod 777 mkcard.sh

Insert the Micro SD card and issue the following command and check Micro SD card device interface

\$ dmesg | tail

Execute the following script with that device interface like /dev/sda

sudo sh mkcard.sh /dev/sdx	/* /dev/sdx is device interface name */
----------------------------	---

1.3 Setting Serial Console (Minicom)

```
$ sudo minicom –s
```

Select the option serial port setup from menu on terminal and press 'Enter'

+[conriguration]+	
Filenames and paths	
<pre>File transfer protocols</pre>	
Serial port setup	
Modem and dialing	
Screen and keyboard	
Save setup as dfl	
Save setup as	
Exit	
Exit from Minicom	
++	

Figure 1.2

Using the options at left; make the setting as shown in the figure 1.3. For ex: Serial device - /dev/ttyS0, first press 'A' the cursor blinks at the particular line then change the device name to /dev/ttyS0 and press 'ENTER'.



Figure 1.4

After making all changes like baud rate 115200, **hardware control flow NO** by pressing the keyword ' \mathbf{F} ' etc. that are required press 'ENTER' to come out from the screen, now the previous screen will appear.



Figure 1.5

Now select the 'Save setup as dfl' it saves the setting as default. Now select 'Exit'



Figure 1.6 It will take into 'minicom' the serial terminal.



1.4 Installing Toolchain

This section explains how to install prebuilt toolchain binaries on the Host. Whereas building of Toolchain is explained in buildsystem section.

1.4.1 Downloading the Toolchain:

Download the toolchain from the public ftp of PHYTEC from the link below.

\$ wget ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Products/India/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/Linux/PD14.0.0/tools/toolchain/arm-cortexa8-linux-gnueabihf.tar.bz2

1.4.2 Export the Toolchain to Shell Path:

Extract the toolchain that has downloaded in the above section to the HOME directory. For extracting the toolchain from GUI you can 'right click' on the toolchain and select 'Extract'. Same can be done from terminal issue the following

\$ tar -xvf arm-cortex8-linux-gnueabihf.tar.bz2

Now write a script that export the target Architecture and toolchain prefix as below. \$ vim env.sh

In the file add the following lines

```
#!/bin/sh
```

export PATH=\$PATH:/home/<user>/<path to toolchain bin> export ARCH=arm export CROSS_COMPILE=arm-cortexa8-linux-gnueabihf-

Save and exit from the editor. Execute the script by issuing

\$. env.sh

Note: The command is "dot space env.sh". Execute the above command for every new shell where you are trying to start compilation of Linux kernel or bootloaders.

Check whether the toolchain path is set or not by issuing

\$ echo \$PATH

Above command displays the entire paths that are added to Shell PATH variable separated by colon ':'. See if your path is printed on the terminal. If you are not able to see your toolchain path repeat the steps from the beginning of this section.



2 Download prebuilt images:

This section give the links to all the required binaries to boot the PhyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x using simplest method using Micro SD card. Partition your Micro SD card. Follow the Partitioning Micro SD card in Ubuntu section.

All the tested binaries are placed at the public PHYTEC ftp. Follow the links below to download the binaries.

ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Products/India/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/Linux/PD14.0.0/images/MLO ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Products/India/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/Linux/PD14.0.0/images/brebox.bin ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Products/India/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/Linux/PD14.0.0/images/uImage ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Products/India/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/Linux/PD14.0.0/images/root.ubi

3 Flashing binaries:



Figure 3.1

Figure shows two methods. The first method used to provide all needed components to run on the target itself. The Linux kernel image and the root file system image are persistent in the media the target. This means the only connection needed is the serial cable to see what is happening on our target. This method is called standalone. This works after writing image into NAND which is explained later in Document.

The other method is to provide needed components via network. In this case the development host is connected to the **PhyBOARD-WEGA-AM335X** with a serial cable and via Ethernet; the embedded board boots into the bootloader, then issues a TFTP request on

the network and boots the kernel from the TFTP server on the host. Then, after decompressing the kernel into the RAM and starting it, the kernel mounts its root PhyBOARD-WEGA/root/ directory.

The latter one is especially for development purposes, as it provides a very quick turnaround while testing the kernel and the root file system. Other methods like Micro SD card and NAND have also been discussed.



3.2 Using Barebox bootloader:

3.2.1 Booting from Micro SD card:

For partitioning the Micro SD card refer section "Partitioning a Micro SD card in linux"

Copy barebox.bin, MLO, uImage in first partition (boot) and extract the Root file system in second partition (rootfs).

On HOST:

Insert the Micro SD card.

\$ cp barebox.bin /media/boot \$ cp MLO /media/boot \$ cp uImage /media/boot \$ sudo tar -xvf root.tgz -C /media/rootfs

On Target:

Insert the Micro SD card, Power On the board. Interrupt the auto boot by pressing any key to get barebox prompt. Give below command to boot from SD card. Edit the config file do the modifications in below file.

barebox@Phytec phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x:/ edit env/config

global.boot.default=mmc

Ctrl + d to save the file and exit.

barebox@Phytec phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x:/ saveenv barebox@Phytec phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x:/ reset

Now The Board will boot from MMC.

Note: If you experience any error act accordingly or post the errors at our "forums" you will get help accordingly.



3.2.2 Booting from NAND:

If booting from NAND start from here, copy below images into SD Card boot partition.

\$ cp barebox.bin /media/boot \$ cp MLO /media/boot \$ cp uImage /media/boot \$ cp root.ubi /media/boot

On Target: Insert the Micro SD card, Power On the board. Interrupt the auto boot by pressing any key to get barebox prompt.

Give below commands to copy images into NAND.

If boot directory is not exist start from here barebox@Phytec phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x:/ mkdir boot barebox@Phytec phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x:/ mount/dev/disk0.0/boot

If boot directory is exist start from here

barebox@Phytec phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x:/ cd boot barebox@Phytec phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x:/ boot/ cp MLO /dev/nand0.xload.bb barebox@Phytec phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x:/ boot/ cp barebox.bin /dev/nand0.barebox.bb barebox@Phytec phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x:/ boot/ cp uImage /dev/nand0.kernel.bb barebox@Phytec phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x:/ boot/ cp root.ubi /dev/nand0.root.bb

Edit the config file do the modifications in below file.

barebox@Phytec phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x:/ edit env/config

global.boot.default=nand

Ctrl + d to save the file and exit.

barebox@Phytec phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x:/ saveenv barebox@Phytec phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x:/ reset

Remove the Power Cable and SD card. And Power up The Board. Now The Board will boot from NAND.

Note: If you experience any error act accordingly or post the errors at our "forums" you will get help accordingly.



4 Preparing phyBoard-WEGA-AM335x Bootloaders

This is required if board is not flashed with correct bootloader. Even you can skip to the flashing section if you want to use prebuilt images.

4.1 Barebox bootloader:

Note: Refer section 1.4 Installing Toolchain before going ahead.

Download the source of barebox version 2013.11.0 from the following link.

http://barebox.org/download/barebox-2013.11.0.tar.bz2

After getting the source copy it to working directory

```
$ mkdir ~/work
$ cp barebox-2013.11.0.tar.bz2 ~/work
$ cd ~/work
```

Extract the source here by following command

\$ tar -xvf barebox-2013.11.0.tar.bz2

Go to extracted folder and issue the following command

```
$ cd ~/work/barebox-2013.11.0
```

Create a directory with the name "patches" in the extracted barebox-2013.01.0 directory.

\$ mkdir patches \$ cd patches

Execute below command in patches directory

\$ wget ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Products/India/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/Linux/PD14.0.0/src/patches/barebox-2013.11.0/patches/*

Go to the barebox-2013.11.0 top directory and run quilt command.

\$ quilt push -a

All the patches will apply one by one using above command.



Cleaning all the binaries and other configuration files

\$ make clean \$ make distclean	
<pre>\$ make pcm051_mlo_defconfig \$ make</pre>	/* configuring the Barebox for target */ /* MLO will generate */
\$ make pcm051_defconfig	
\$ make	/* barebox.bin will generate */

If the compilation goes well you will find the files barebox.bin and MLO in the source directory.

Note: If you experience any error act accordingly or post the errors at our "forums" you will get help accordingly.

4.2 Preparing phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x Linux kernel:

Note: Refer section 1.4 Installing Toolchain before going ahead.

Download the source of Linux kernel version 3.2 from the following link.

https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v3.0/linux-3.2.tar.bz2

After getting the source copy it to working directory

```
$ cp linux-3.2.tar.bz2 ~/work
$ cd ~/work
```

Extract the source here by following command

\$ tar -xvf linux-3.2.tar.bz2

Go to extracted folder and issue the following command

\$ cd ~/work/linux-3.2/

Create a directory with the name "patches" in the extracted barebox-2013.01.0 directory.

\$ mkdir patches \$ cd patches

Execute below command in patches directory

\$ wget ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Products/India/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/Linux/PD14.0.0/src/patches/linux-3.2/patches/*



Go to the linux-3.2 top directory and run quilt command.

\$ quilt push -a

All the patches will apply one by one using above command.

Cleaning all the binaries and other configuration files

\$ make clean \$ make distclean \$ make pcm051_defconfig \$ make uImage	/* configuring the Kernel for target */
--	---

If the compilation goes well you will find the files zImage and uImage in arch/arm/boot directory.

Note: *If you experience any error act accordingly or post the errors at our "forums" you will get help accordingly.*



5 Compiling User-application:

Note: Refer section 1.4 Installing Toolchain before going ahead.

Make a helloworld program for target. Open file helloworld.c via command

\$ gedit helloworld.c

Compile it with toolchain

\$ arm-cortexa8-linux-gnueabihf-gcc helloworld.c -o helloworld

Transfer it on target by tftp-server or by Micro SD card or USB

By using tftp-server :

On Host : cp helloworld /var/lib/tftpboot On Target : tftp -r helloworld -g <serverip> ./helloworld

By using USB :

On	Host :	cn	helloworld	/media/<	<pre>cnartition</pre>	name>
On	HOSt .	vμ	nenoworiu	/mcula/	par dition	name>

Insert the USB to target and switch to minicom terminal It will display the device like sda, sda1 .Use that device for mounting. To find device interface type **dmesg** | **tail** command...

On Target : \$ mount /dev/sda1 /mnt \$ cd /mnt \$./helloworld

/* (sda1) is USB-device interface */

/* it is dot slash */

By Using SD Card :

On Host : cp helloworld /media/boot

Insert the Micro SD card to target and switch to minicom terminal It will display the device like mmcblk0p1 .Use that device for mounting.

On Target :

\$ mount /dev/mmcblk0p1 /mnt /* (mmcblk0p1) is SD Card interface */ \$ cd /mnt \$./helloworld /* it is dot slash */



6 Compiling RFS with PTX-dist:

Download the PTX-dist packet from the following link:

\$ wget ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Products/India/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/Linux/PD14.0.0/buildsystems/ptxdist/ptxdist-2013.01.0.tar.bz2

Extract the above downloaded source

\$ tar -xvf ptxdist-2013.01.0.tar.bz2

Go to downloaded folder

\$ cd ptxdist-2013.01

Configure the packet

\$./configure

When the configure script is finished successfully, to compile run

\$ make \$ sudo make install

Download the toolchain from the public ftp of PHYTEC from the link below.

\$ wget ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Products/India/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/Linux/tools/toolchain/arm-cortexa8-linux-gnueabihf.tar.bz2

Extract the toolchain that has been downloaded. Issue following command

\$ tar -xvf arm-cortexa8-linux-gnueabihf.tar.bz2

Download the PTX-dist BSP source from following link

\$ wget ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Products/India/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/buildsystems/ptxdist/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335X-PD14.0.0.tar.bz2

Extract the source

\$ tar -xvf phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335X-PD14.0.0.tar.bz2



Go to extracted folder

\$ cd phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335X-PD14.0.0

Select the toolchain

\$ ptxdist toolchain <path_of_toolchain_bin>

Start the build

\$ ptxdist go

It will take some time to compile. Once it compiled give the below command to generate images

\$ ptxdist images

Check the images in platform-phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/images/

\$ ls platform-phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/images/



7 Compiling RFS with Buildroot:

Download the Buildroot source from following link

\$ wget ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Products/India/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/Linux/PD14.0.0/buildsystems/buildroot/buildroot-2013.11.tar.bz2

Extract the source

\$ tar -xvf buildroot-2013.11.tar.bz2

Go to extracted folder

\$ cd buildroot-2013.11

Configure the buildroot by issuing following command

\$ make pcm051_defconfig

Compile the buildroot

\$ make

Check the output files at output/images

\$ ls output/images



8 Compiling RFS with Yocto:

Download the Yocto buidsystem source from following link

\$ wget ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Products/India/phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x/Linux/PD14.0.0/buildsystems/yocto/poky-dora-10.0.0.tar.bz2

Before starting the build process install the necessary packages.

\$ sudo apt-get install gawk wget git-core diffstat unzip texinfo build-essential chrpath libsdl1.2-dev xterm

Extract the source

\$ tar -xvf poky-danny-10.0.0.tar.bz2

Go to extracted folder

\$ cd poky-danny-10.0.0

Configure poky-danny-10.0 by issuing following command

\$. ./oe-init-build-env

Then type the following command to get hob GUI interface.

\$ hob

Then under "select machine" option select pcm051-bsp to build images for phyBOARD-WEGA-AM335x board.

To use hob refer the link given below.

https://www.yoctoproject.org/documentation/hob-manual

Check the output files at tmp/deploy/images

\$ ls tmp/deploy/images